

# UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Eastern District of California

Chief Judge Fredrick E. Clement Sacramento Federal Courthouse 501 I Street, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor Courtroom 28, Department A Sacramento, California

DAY: MONDAY DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2023 CALENDAR: 10:30 A.M. CHAPTER 7 CASES

Unless otherwise ordered, all matters before Chief Judge Fredrick E. Clement shall be heard simultaneously: (1) IN PERSON in Courtroom 28, (2) via ZOOMGOV VIDEO, (3) via ZOOMGOV TELEPHONE, and (4) via COURTCALL.

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# RULINGS

Each matter on this calendar will have one of three possible designations: No Ruling, Tentative Ruling, or Final Ruling.

"No Ruling" means the likely disposition of the matter will not be disclosed in advance of the hearing. The matter will be called; parties wishing to be heard should rise and be heard.

"Tentative Ruling" means the likely disposition, and the reasons therefor, are set forth herein. The matter will be called. Aggrieved parties or parties for whom written opposition was not required should rise and be heard. Parties favored by the tentative ruling need not appear. However, non-appearing parties are advised that the court may adopt a ruling other than that set forth herein without further hearing or notice.

"Final Ruling" means that the matter will be resolved in the manner, and for the reasons, indicated below. The matter will not be called; parties and/or counsel need not appear and will not be heard on the matter.

# CHANGES TO PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED RULINGS

On occasion, the court will change its intended ruling on some of the matters to be called and will republish its rulings. The parties and counsel are advised to recheck the posted rulings after 3:00 p.m. on the next business day prior to the hearing. Any such changed ruling will be preceded by the following bold face text: "[Since posting its original rulings, the court has changed its intended ruling on this matter]".

## ERRORS IN RULINGS

Clerical errors of an insignificant nature, e.g., nomenclature ("2017 Honda Accord," rather than "2016 Honda Accord"), amounts, ("\$880," not "\$808"), may be corrected in (1) tentative rulings by appearance at the hearing; or (2) final rulings by appropriate ex parte application. Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(a) *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024. All other errors, including those occasioned by mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect, must be corrected by noticed motion. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 60(b), *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9023. 1. <u>23-23305</u>-A-7 **IN RE: AUDREY AQUINO** BHS-1

MOTION TO EMPLOY BARRY H. SPITZER AS ATTORNEY(S) 11-3-2023 [15]

SETH HANSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. GEOFFREY RICHARDS/ATTY. FOR MV.

# Final Ruling

Application: Approval of Employment
Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required
Disposition: Approved
Order: Prepared by applicant pursuant to the instructions below

Unopposed applications are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The Chapter 7 trustee, Geoffrey Richards, seeks an order approving the employment of Barry Spitzer as his general counsel on a flat fee basis. The agreed amount of fees is \$2,500.00.

The fee agreement provides that the attorney will: 1) negotiate the sale of a promissory note; 2) prepare a Purchase and Sale Agreement; 3) prepare a motion to approve the sale of the note; and 4) provide other necessary services to the trustee. Application, 2:1-4, ECF No. 15.

#### EMPLOYMENT

The court may approve employment of professional persons who "do not hold or represent an interest adverse to the estate, and that are disinterested persons." 11 U.S.C. § 327(a); see also id. § 101(14) (defining "disinterested person"). From the factual information provided in the motion and supporting papers, the court will approve the employment.

The order shall contain the following provision: "Nothing contained herein shall be construed to approve any provision of any agreement between [professional's name] and the estate for indemnification, arbitration, choice of venue, jurisdiction, jury waiver, limitation of damages, or similar provision." The order shall also state its effective date, which date shall be 30 days before the date the employment application was filed except that the effective date shall not precede the petition date. 2. <u>23-23305</u>-A-7 **IN RE: AUDREY AQUINO** BHS-2

MOTION TO SELL 11-3-2023 [20]

SETH HANSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. GEOFFREY RICHARDS/ATTY. FOR MV.

## Tentative Ruling

Motion: Sell Property Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Granted Order: Prepared by moving party

Property: Estate's Interest in Promissory Note
Buyer: Nickolas John Andrade
Sale Price: \$15,000
Sale Type: Private sale subject to overbid opportunity

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

Geoffrey Richard, Chapter 7 trustee, seeks an order authorizing the sale of the estate's interest in a promissory note to Nickolas John Andrade. Mr. Andrade is the debtor's prior spouse. As part of the settlement between the parties Mr. Andrade executed a note agreeing to pay the debtor \$20,000 on May 23, 2023. The trustee has received a \$2,000 deposit from Mr. Andrade.

# SALE OF PROPERTY

Section 363(b)(1) of Title 11 authorizes sales of property of the estate "other than in the ordinary course of business." 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1); see also In re Lionel Corp., 722 F.2d 1063, 1071 (2d Cir. 1983) (requiring business justification). The moving party is the Chapter 7 trustee and liquidation of property of the estate is a proper purpose. See 11 U.S.C. § 704(a)(1).

As a result, the court will grant the motion. The stay of the order provided by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6004(h) will be waived. The trustee shall submit an order consistent with the court's ruling. 3. <u>23-23523</u>-A-7 IN RE: THE RETREAT AT ROYAL GREEN, LLC. DNL-1

MOTION TO EMPLOY J. RUSSELL CUNNINGHAM AS ATTORNEY(S) 10-31-2023 [9]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. NIKKI FARRIS/ATTY. FOR MV.

## Final Ruling

Application: Approval of Employment
Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required
Disposition: Approved
Order: Prepared by applicant pursuant to the instructions below

Unopposed applications are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The Chapter 7 trustee, Nikki Farris, seeks an order approving the employment of Desmond, Noland, Livaich & Cunningham as her general counsel pursuant to a hybrid fee agreement. The hybrid fee agreement has been filed concurrently with this motion as Exhibit A, ECF No. 12.

The hybrid fee agreement provides in part: that the attorney will provide services at an hourly fee except for efforts in avoiding any transfers of property. Services for avoiding transfers will be paid on a contingent fee basis. *Id.*, page 1.

#### EMPLOYMENT

The court may approve employment of professional persons who "do not hold or represent an interest adverse to the estate, and that are disinterested persons." 11 U.S.C. § 327(a); see also id. § 101(14) (defining "disinterested person"). From the factual information provided in the motion and supporting papers, the court will approve the employment.

The order shall contain the following provision: "Nothing contained herein shall be construed to approve any provision of any agreement between [professional's name] and the estate for indemnification, arbitration, choice of venue, jurisdiction, jury waiver, limitation of damages, or similar provision." The order shall also state its effective date, which date shall be 30 days before the date the employment application was filed except that the effective date shall not precede the petition date. 4. <u>23-23129</u>-A-7 IN RE: JOHN/ANGELA BOWMAN AP-1

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 11-1-2023 [15]

STEPHAN BROWN/ATTY. FOR DBT. WENDY LOCKE/ATTY. FOR MV. WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A. VS.

#### Final Ruling

Motion: Stay Relief Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Granted Order: Civil minute order

Subject: 12900 Madrone Forest Drive, Nevada City, California

**Cause:** 11 U.S.C. § 362(d)(1); Prepetition Default - \$120,473.19; Post petition Default - \$3,042.56

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., seeks an order for relief from the automatic stay of 11 U.S.C. § 362(a).

# STAY RELIEF

The debtors are obligated to make loan payments to the moving party pursuant to a promissory note secured by a deed of trust on the real property described above. The debtors have defaulted on the loan as both prepetition and postpetition payments are past due. Section 362(d)(1) authorizes stay relief for cause shown. 11 U.S.C. § 362(d)(1). Cause exists to grant relief under § 362(d)(1).

The motion will be granted, and the 14-day stay of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 4001(a)(3) will be waived. No other relief will be awarded.

#### CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.'s motion for relief from the automatic stay has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of

respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The automatic stay is vacated with respect to the property described in the motion, commonly known as 12900 Madrone Forest Drive, Nevada City, California, as to all parties in interest. The 14-day stay of the order under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 4001(a)(3) is waived. Any party with standing may pursue its rights against the property pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no other relief is awarded. To the extent that the motion includes any request for attorney's fees or other costs for bringing this motion, the request is denied.

# 5. <u>23-22449</u>-A-7 **IN RE: DARIN DOWD** <u>BLF-2</u>

MOTION TO EMPLOY WEST AUCTIONS, INC. AS AUCTIONEER, AUTHORIZING SALE OF PROPERTY AT PUBLIC AUCTION AND AUTHORIZING PAYMENT OF AUCTIONEER FEES AND EXPENSES 11-1-2023 [21]

MARY TERRANELLA/ATTY. FOR DBT. LORIS BAKKEN/ATTY. FOR MV.

# Final Ruling

Motion: Sell Property and Compensate Auctioneer Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Granted Order: Prepared by moving party

Property: 2017 Mastercraft X46 Ski boat
Sale Type: Public auction

Auctioneer: West Auctions, Inc. Compensation Approved: 15% of gross sale proceeds Expenses Approved: Actual, not to exceed \$3,800

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(c), *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

Chapter 7 trustee, Geoffrey Richards seeks an order authorizing the sale of the subject property a 2017 Mastercraft X46 Ski boat, at public auction. The trustee further seeks an order authorizing

employment and compensation of West Auctions, Inc. as the auctioneer.

#### SALES

Section 363(b)(1) of Title 11 authorizes sales of property of the estate "other than in the ordinary course of business." 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1); see also In re Lionel Corp., 722 F.2d 1063, 1071 (2d Cir. 1983) (requiring business justification). The moving party is the Chapter 7 trustee and liquidation of property of the estate is a proper purpose. See 11 U.S.C. § 704(a)(1). As a result, the court will grant the motion. The stay of the order provided by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6004(h) will be waived.

#### COMPENSATION OF AUCTIONEER

Section 330(a) of Title 11 authorizes "reasonable compensation for actual, necessary services" rendered by a professional person employed under § 327 and "reimbursement for actual, necessary expenses." 11 U.S.C. § 330(a). Reasonable compensation is determined by considering all relevant factors. *See id.* § 330(a)(3). The court finds that the compensation sought is reasonable and will approve the application.

The trustee shall submit an order consistent with the court's ruling.

# 6. <u>23-22353</u>-A-7 IN RE: ROY/MELISSA DEVANEY JCK-1

MOTION TO DISMISS MELISSA LYNN DEVANEY 10-20-2023 [15]

KATHLEEN CRIST/ATTY. FOR DBT.

# No Ruling

7. <u>23-23362</u>-A-7 **IN RE: ARICA TORRES** CAS-1

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 10-26-2023 [14]

LE'ROY ROBERSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. CHERYL SKIGIN/ATTY. FOR MV. CAPITAL ONE AUTO FINANCE VS. TRUSTEE NON-OPPOSITION

## Final Ruling

Motion: Stay Relief Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); non-opposition filed by trustee Disposition: Granted Order: Civil minute order

Subject: 2018 Porsche Cayenne Platinum Edition Sport Utility Cause: delinquent installment payments 3 months/\$2,835.80

These minutes constitute the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 52(a), *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7052, 9014(c). The findings of fact are as set forth above; the conclusions of law are as set forth below.

Capital One Auto Finance seeks an order for relief from the automatic stay of 11 U.S.C. § 362(a). On November 14, 2023, the Chapter 7 trustee, Geoffrey Richards filed a non-opposition to the motion. The debtor filed a statement of intention which indicates an intention to surrender the vehicle. Statement of Intention, ECF No. 1.

#### DEFAULT OF RESPONDENT

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

# STAY RELIEF

"[A]fter notice and a hearing," the court may terminate, annul, modify or condition the stay: (1) "for cause, including the lack of adequate protection"; or (2) "with respect to a stay of an act against property [of the estate]" if the debtor lacks "equity" in that property and if that "property is not necessary for an effective reorganization." 11 U.S.C. § 362(d); see also Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(1). The party seeking stay relief bears the burden of proof as to "the debtor's equity in the property" and on the validity and perfection of its security interest, as well as the amount of its debt. 11 U.S.C. § 362(g)(1); In re Dahlquist, 34 B.R. 476, 481 (Bankr. S.D. 1983). The party opposing stay relief, e.g., the debtor or Chapter 7 trustee, bears the burden of proof on all other issues. 11 U.S.C. § 362(g)(2).

Subsection (d)(1) of § 362 of Title 11 provides for relief from stay for "cause, including the lack of adequate protection of an interest in property of such party." 11 U.S.C. § 362(d)(1). The debtor bears the burden of proof. 11 U.S.C. § 362(g)(2). Adequate protection may consist of a lump sum cash payment or periodic cash payments to the entity entitled to adequate protection "to the extent that the stay . . . results in a decrease in the value of such entity's interest in property." 11 U.S.C. § 361(1). "An undersecured creditor is entitled to adequate protection only for the decline in the [collateral's] value after the bankruptcy filing." See Kathleen P. March, Hon. Alan M. Ahart & Janet A. Shapiro, California Practice Guide: Bankruptcy ¶ 8:1065.1 (rev. 2019) (citing United Sav. Ass'n v. Timbers of Inwood Forest Assocs., Ltd., 484 U.S. 365, 370-73 (1988)); see also In re Weinstein, 227 BR 284, 296 (9th Cir. BAP 1998) ("Adequate protection is provided to safeguard the creditor against depreciation in the value of its collateral during the reorganization process"); In re Deico Electronics, Inc., 139 BR 945, 947 (9th Cir. BAP 1992) ("Adequate protection payments compensate undersecured creditors for the delay bankruptcy imposes upon the exercise of their state law remedies").

The debtor is obligated to make debt payments to the moving party pursuant to a loan contract that is secured by a security interest in the debtor's vehicle described above. The debtor has defaulted on such loan with the moving party, and postpetition payments are past due. Vehicles depreciate over time and with usage. As a consequence, the moving party's interest in the vehicle is not being adequately protected due to the debtor's ongoing postpetition default.

Cause exists to grant relief under § 362(d)(1). The motion will be granted, and the 14-day stay of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 4001(a)(3) will be waived. No other relief will be awarded.

#### CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Capital One Auto Finance's motion for relief from the automatic stay has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The automatic stay is vacated with respect to the property described in the motion, commonly known as a 2018 Porsche Cayenne Platinum Edition Sport

Utility, as to all parties in interest. The 14-day stay of the order under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 4001(a)(3) is waived. Any party with standing may pursue its rights against the property pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no other relief is awarded. To the extent that the motion includes any request for attorney's fees or other costs for bringing this motion, the request is denied.

# 8. <u>22-22563</u>-A-7 **IN RE: ZELDA TROUTMAN** BLF-6

MOTION FOR COMPENSATION BY THE LAW OFFICE OF BAKKEN LAW FIRM FOR LORIS L. BAKKEN, TRUSTEES ATTORNEY(S) 11-1-2023 [139]

MARK SHMORGON/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTOR DISCHARGED: 03/15/2023

# Final Ruling

Application: Allowance of First and Final Compensation and Expense
Reimbursement
Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required
Disposition: Approved
Order: Civil minute order

Compensation: \$32,515.00 Reimbursement of Expenses: \$43.16

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this application was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on the application. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

# COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES

In this Chapter 7 case, Loris L. Bakken, attorney for the trustee, has applied for an allowance of final compensation and reimbursement of expenses. The applicant requests that the court allow compensation in the amount of \$32,515.00 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$43.16.

Section 330(a) of the Bankruptcy Code authorizes "reasonable compensation for actual, necessary services" rendered by a trustee, examiner or professional person employed under § 327 or § 1103 and "reimbursement for actual, necessary expenses." 11 U.S.C. §

330(a)(1). Reasonable compensation is determined by considering all relevant factors. See id. § 330(a)(3).

The court finds that the compensation and expenses sought are reasonable, and the court will approve the application on a final basis.

# CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Loris L. Bakken's application for allowance of final compensation and reimbursement of expenses has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the application,

IT IS ORDERED that the application is approved on a final basis. The court allows final compensation in the amount of \$32,515.00 and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$43.16.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the trustee is authorized without further order of this court to pay from the estate the aggregate amount allowed by this order in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the distribution priorities of § 726.

9. <u>22-22563</u>-A-7 IN RE: ZELDA TROUTMAN GMR-2

MOTION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES 11-2-2023 [145]

MARK SHMORGON/ATTY. FOR DBT. LORIS BAKKEN/ATTY. FOR MV. DEBTOR DISCHARGED: 03/15/2023

#### Final Ruling

Motion: Allow Administrative Expense - Estate Taxes Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Granted Order: Civil minute order

Federal Taxes: \$3,500.00 California State Taxes: \$11,400.00

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

Chapter 7 trustee Geoffrey Richards seeks an order allowing administrative expenses under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(1)(B).

Specifically, the trustee seeks authority to pay federal taxes in the amount of \$3,500 and California State taxes in the amount of \$11,400.

# ALLOWANCE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

"Subject to limited exceptions, a trustee must pay the taxes of the estate on or before the date they come due, 28 U.S.C. § 960(b), even if no request for administrative expenses is filed by the tax authorities, 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(1)(D), and the trustee must insure that 'notice and a hearing' have been provided before doing so, see id. § 503(b)(1)(B). The hearing requirement insures that interested parties . . . have an opportunity to contest the amount of tax paid before the estate's funds are diminished, perhaps irretrievably." In re Cloobeck, 788 F.3d 1243, 1246 (9th Cir. 2015). It is error to approve a trustee's final report without first holding a hearing, see 11 U.S.C. § 102(1), to allow creditors and parties in interest an opportunity to object to the allowance or amount of tax before it is paid. Id. 1245 n.1, 1246.

Creditors and parties in interest have had an opportunity to contest the allowance and amount of the estate taxes in this case. No objection has been made. Accordingly, the taxes specified in the motion shall be allowed as an administrative expense under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(1)(B).

# CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The chapter 7 trustee's motion for allowance of administrative expense has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The court allows federal taxes of \$3,500.00 and California state taxes of \$11,400.00 as an administrative expense under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(1)(B).

# 10. <u>22-22563</u>-A-7 **IN RE: ZELDA TROUTMAN** MS-7

MOTION TO COMPEL ABANDONMENT 10-30-2023 [134]

MARK SHMORGON/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTOR DISCHARGED: 03/15/2023

#### Final Ruling

Motion: Abandon Property of the Estate Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Denied without prejudice Order: Civil Minute Order

The debtor seeks an order requiring the abandonment of the estate's interest in real property.

## ABANDONMENT

Property of the estate may be abandoned under § 554 of the Bankruptcy Code if property of the estate is "burdensome to the estate or of inconsequential value and benefit to the estate." See 11 U.S.C. § 554(a)-(b). Upon request of a party in interest, the court may issue an order that the trustee abandon property of the estate if the statutory standards for abandonment are fulfilled.

The movant bears the burden of proof. In re Pilz Compact Disc., Inc., 229 B.R. 630 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1999) (Chapter 7 trustee). "[B]urdensome to the estate" means "consumes the resources and drains the income of the estate." In re Smith-Douglass, Inc., 856 F.2d 12, 16 (4th Cir. 1988). "[O]f inconsequential value and benefit to the estate" refers to assets not likely to be liquidated for the benefit of creditors. 11 U.S.C. § 704(a)(1); Matter of Taxman Clothing Co., 49 F3d 310, 315 (7th Cir. 1995) (Chapter 7 trustee has no duty to liquidate assets where costs of doing so likely to exceed asset's value). Of inconsequential value and benefit to the estate includes assets that (1) have no equity (including post-petition appreciation), In re Viet Vu, 245 B.R. 644 (9th Cir. BAP 2000); and (2) assets with equity, which has been wholly and properly exempted by the debtor. In re Montanaro, 307 B.R. 194 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 2004).

#### NOTICE

# Rule 6007(a)

Unless otherwise directed by the court, the trustee or debtor in possession shall give notice of a proposed abandonment or disposition of property to the United States trustee, all creditors, indenture trustees, and committees elected pursuant to § 705 or appointed pursuant to § 1102 of the Code. A party in interest may file and serve an objection within 14 days of the mailing of the notice, or within the time fixed by the court. If a timely objection is made, the court shall set a hearing on notice to the United States trustee and to other entities as the court may direct.

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6007(a) (emphasis added).

The certificate of service filed in this case does not include an attachment which shows that all creditors were served with the motion as required by Rule 6007. The certificate shows that the movant attempted to limit notice under LBR 2002-3. See Certificate of Service, ECF No. 138, p. 2, item 3.

A party may not limit notice in a motion to compel abandonment unless directed by the court. It appears that the movant believes the recently enacted LBR 2002-3 provides such a direction.

LBR 2002-3

Without further order of the court, the provisions of Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(h) are applicable to chapter 7, chapter 12 and chapter 13 cases *that otherwise satisfy the provisions of that subdivision*. The Clerk of the Court or any party in interest giving notice required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a) may limit such notice to those persons specified in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(h).

LBR 2002-3 (emphasis added).

In a voluntary chapter 7 case, chapter 12 case, or chapter 13 case, after 70 days following the order for

relief under that chapter or the date of the order converting the case to chapter 12 or chapter 13, the court may direct that all notices required by subdivision (a) of this rule be mailed only to: • the debtor; • the trustee; • all indenture trustees; • creditors that hold claims for which proofs of claim have been filed; and • creditors, if any, that are still permitted to file claims because an extension was granted under Rule 3002(c)(1) or (c)(2).

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(h) (emphasis added).

Rule 2002(h) only allows limited notice in applicable motions listed in Rule 2002(a). Thus, LBR 2002-3 does not authorize, nor contemplate, limited service in any motion which is not included in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a). Moreover, Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6007 specifically requires notice to all creditors in motions to compel abandonment of estate property.

The court will deny the motion without prejudice as notice was not provided to all creditors as required by Rule 6007.

# CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

The trustee's Motion to Abandon Property of the Estate has been presented to the court. Given the procedural deficiencies discussed by the court in its ruling,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied without prejudice.

11.  $\frac{23-20668}{WF-2}$ -A-7 IN RE: JAMES/LORNA MINEWISER

MOTION FOR COMPENSATION BY THE LAW OFFICE OF WILKE FLEURY LLP FOR DANIEL L. EGAN, TRUSTEES ATTORNEY(S) 11-1-2023 [26]

GEORGE BURKE/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTORS DISCHARGED: 06/12/2023 TRUSTEE NON-OPPOSITION

# Final Ruling

Application: Allowance of First and Final Compensation Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Approved Order: Civil minute order

## **Compensation:** \$3,864.00

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this application was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on the application. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. *TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal*, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

## COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES

In this Chapter 7 case, Wilke Fleury LLP, attorney for the trustee, has applied for an allowance of final compensation and reimbursement of expenses. The applicant requests that the court allow compensation in the amount of \$3,864.00.

Section 330(a) of the Bankruptcy Code authorizes "reasonable compensation for actual, necessary services" rendered by a trustee, examiner or professional person employed under § 327 or § 1103 and "reimbursement for actual, necessary expenses." 11 U.S.C. § 330(a)(1). Reasonable compensation is determined by considering all relevant factors. See id. § 330(a)(3).

The court finds that the compensation sought is reasonable, and the court will approve the application on a final basis.

## CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Wilke Fleury LLP's application for allowance of final compensation and reimbursement of expenses has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the application,

IT IS ORDERED that the application is approved on a final basis. The court allows final compensation in the amount of \$3,864.00.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the trustee is authorized without further order of this court to pay from the estate the aggregate amount allowed by this order in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the distribution priorities of § 726.

12. <u>23-21874</u>-A-7 IN RE: LARRY STEFFEN AND KARLA PERCIVAL UST-2

MOTION FOR ENTRY OF ORDER PURSUANT TO STIPULATION 10-25-2023 [23]

SETH HANSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEANNA HAZELTON/ATTY. FOR MV.

## No Ruling

# 13. <u>23-22586</u>-A-7 **IN RE: JILL LINDEMAN** <u>GW-1</u>

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF STRATEGIC FUNDING SOURCE, INC. 10-31-2023 [17]

GERALD WHITE/ATTY. FOR DBT.

## Final Ruling

Motion: Avoid Lien that Impairs Exemption Disposition: Denied without prejudice Order: Civil minute order

The debtor seeks an order avoiding the judicial lien of Strategic Funding Source, Inc. under 11 U.S.C. § 522(f). For the following reasons the motion will be denied without prejudice.

## SERVICE

"Effective service of process, made in compliance with Rule 7004 and Civil Rule 4, is a prerequisite to the bankruptcy court exercising personal jurisdiction over a litigant." In re 701 Mariposa Project, LLC, 514 B.R. 10, 16 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2014) (citing cases).

The court will deny the motion without prejudice on grounds of insufficient service of process on the responding party. A motion to avoid a lien is a contested matter requiring service of the motion in the manner provided by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7004. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003(d), 9014(b); see also In re Villar, 317 B.R. 88, 92 n.6 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2004). Under Rule 7004, service on corporations and other business entities must be made by mailing a copy of the motion "to the attention of an officer, a managing or general agent, or to any other agent authorized by appointment or by law to receive service of process." Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(b)(3).

Service of the motion was insufficient. The motion was not mailed to the attention of an officer, managing or general agent, or other agent authorized to accept service. Certificate of Service, ECF No. 21.

#### CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

The debtor's motion to avoid judicial lien has been presented to the court. Given the procedural deficiencies discussed by the court in its ruling,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied without prejudice.

# 14. $\frac{23-22394}{MOH-2}$ -A-7 IN RE: ELIZABETH/GARY PONCIANO

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF TIMOTHY GALLAGHER 10-31-2023 [52]

MICHAEL HAYS/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTORS DISCHARGED: 10/24/2023

## Final Ruling

Motion: Avoid Lien that Impairs Exemption Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required Disposition: Granted Order: Prepared by moving party

Subject Property: 305 Delwood Street, Westwood, California

Judicial Lien Avoided: \$35,833.04 - Timothy Gallagher All Other Liens: \$0 Exemption: \$300,000 Value of Property: \$160,000

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, *incorporated by* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true.

TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987). The debtors seek an order avoiding the judicial lien of Timothy Gallagher under 11 U.S.C. § 522(f).

#### LIEN AVOIDANCE

Section 522(f) of the Bankruptcy Code authorizes the court to avoid a lien "on an interest of the debtor in property to the extent that such lien impairs an exemption to which the debtor would have been entitled." 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1). There are four elements to avoidance of a lien that impairs an exemption: (1) there must be an exemption to which the debtor would have been entitled; (2) the property must be listed on the schedules and claimed as exempt; (3) the lien must impair the exemption claimed; and (4) the lien must be a judicial lien or nonpossessory, nonpurchase-money security interest in property described in § 522(f)(1)(B). Goswami v. MTC Distrib. (In re Goswami), 304 B.R. 386, 390-91 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2003). Impairment is statutorily defined: a lien impairs an exemption "to the extent that the sum of - (i) the lien; (ii) all other liens on the property; and (iii) the amount of the exemption that the debtor could claim if there were no liens on the property; exceeds the value that the debtor's interest in the property would have in the absence of any liens." 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(2)(A).

The responding party's judicial lien, all other liens, and the exemption amount together exceed the property's value by an amount greater than or equal to the judicial lien. As a result, the responding party's judicial lien will be avoided entirely.

# 15. 23-23799-A-7 IN RE: SHERIKA BRANNER

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - FAILURE TO PAY FEES 11-14-2023 [18]

# Tentative Ruling

If the filing fee has not been paid in full by the time of the hearing, the case may be dismissed without further notice or hearing.