

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Eastern District of California

24963

Chief Judge Fredrick E. Clement

Sacramento Federal Courthouse 501 I Street, 7th Floor Courtroom 28, Department A Sacramento, California

DAY: TUESDAY

DATE: JULY 29, 2025

CALENDAR: 9:00 A.M. CHAPTER 13 CASES

Unless otherwise ordered, all matters before Chief Judge Fredrick E. Clement shall be simultaneously: (1) IN PERSON at Sacramento Courtroom No. 28, (2) via ZOOMGOV VIDEO, (3) via ZOOMGOV TELEPHONE, and (4) via COURTCALL.

You may choose any of these options unless otherwise ordered or stated below.

All parties who wish to appear at a hearing remotely must sign up by 4:00 p.m. one business day prior to the hearing.

Information regarding how to sign up can be found on the Court Appearances page of our website at:

https://www.caeb.uscourts.gov/Calendar/CourtAppearances

Each party who has signed up will receive a Zoom link or phone number, meeting I.D., and password via e-mail.

If the deadline to sign up has passed, parties who wish to appear remotely must contact the Courtroom Deputy for the Department holding the hearing.

Please also note the following:

- Parties in interest may connect to the video or audio feed free of charge and should select which method they will use to appear when signing up.
- Members of the public and the press appearing by ZoomGov may only listen in to the hearing using the zoom telephone number. Video appearances are not permitted.
- Members of the public and the press may not listen in to the trials or evidentiary hearings, though they may appear in person in most instances.

To appear remotely for law and motion or status conference proceedings, you must comply with the following guidelines and procedures:

- Review the <u>Pre-Hearing Dispositions</u> prior to appearing at the hearing.
- Review the court's **Zoom Procedures and Guidelines** for these, and additional instructions.
- Parties appearing via CourtCall are encouraged to review the CourtCall Appearance Information.

If you are appearing by ZoomGov phone or video, please join at least 10 minutes prior to the start of the calendar and wait with your microphone muted until the matter is called.

Unauthorized Recording is Prohibited: Any recording of a court proceeding held by video or teleconference, including screen shots or other audio or visual copying of a hearing is prohibited. Violation may result in sanctions, including removal of court-issued media credentials, denial of entry to future hearings, or any other sanctions deemed necessary by the court. For more information on photographing, recording, or broadcasting Judicial Proceedings, please refer to Local Rule 173(a) of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.

PRE-HEARING DISPOSITION INSTRUCTIONS

RULINGS

Each matter on this calendar will have one of three possible designations: No Ruling, Tentative Ruling, or Final Ruling.

"No Ruling" means the likely disposition of the matter will not be disclosed in advance of the hearing. The matter will be called; parties wishing to be heard should rise and be heard.

"Tentative Ruling" means the likely disposition, and the reasons therefor, are set forth herein. The matter will be called. Aggrieved parties or parties for whom written opposition was not required should rise and be heard. Parties favored by the tentative ruling need not appear. However, non-appearing parties are advised that the court may adopt a ruling other than that set forth herein without further hearing or notice.

"Final Ruling" means that the matter will be resolved in the manner, and for the reasons, indicated below. The matter will not be called; parties and/or counsel need not appear and will not be heard on the matter.

CHANGES TO PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED RULINGS

On occasion, the court will change its intended ruling on some of the matters to be called and will republish its rulings. The parties and counsel are advised to recheck the posted rulings after 3:00 p.m. on the next business day prior to the hearing. Any such changed ruling will be preceded by the following bold face text: "[Since posting its original rulings, the court has changed its intended ruling on this matter]".

ERRORS IN RULINGS

Clerical errors of an insignificant nature, e.g., nomenclature ("2017 Honda Accord," rather than "2016 Honda Accord"), amounts, ("\$880," not "\$808"), may be corrected in (1) tentative rulings by appearance at the hearing; or (2) final rulings by appropriate ex parte application. Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(a) incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024. All other errors, including those occasioned by mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect, must be corrected by noticed motion. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 60(b), incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9023.

1. $\frac{25-22901}{FWP-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: JAMES MCEACHERN

MOTION TO CONFIRM TERMINATION OR ABSENCE OF STAY 7-15-2025 [16]

THOMAS PHINNEY/ATTY. FOR MV.

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Confirm Absence of Automatic Stay

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Civil minute order

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

FACTS

On May 8, 2025, the debtor field a Chapter 13 bankruptcy, Case No. 25-22251-A-13. After failing to file any schedules or statements, the case was dismissed on June 5, 2025. On June 11, 2025, the instant case was filed. Thirty days after the petition date of the instant case was July 11, 2025. No motion to extend the stay has been filed.

CONFIRMATION OF THE STAY'S TERMINATION

This court may rule on the termination by noticed motion, rather than requiring an adversary proceeding.

On request of a party in interest, the court shall issue an order under subsection (c) confirming that the automatic stay has been terminated.

11 U.S.C. 362(j)

In this instant case, the debtor has had 1 case pending within the preceding 1-year period that was dismissed. The ruling authority when there is only 1 case pending within the preceding year is 11 U.S.C. 362(c)(3). If a debtor who files a petition has had one bankruptcy case pending within the preceding one-year period that was dismissed, then the automatic stay terminates with respect to the debtor on the 30th day after the filing of the later case, unless the stay is extended. 11 U.S.C. § 362(c)(3)(A).

Upon request of a party in interest, the court may extend the automatic stay where the debtor has had one previous bankruptcy case that was pending within the 1-year period prior to the filing of the current bankruptcy case but was dismissed. See id. § 362(c)(3)(B).

More than 30 days have passed since the petition date and there has been no motion to extend the automatic stay. As such, the stay has terminated.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Movant's motion to confirm the termination of the stay has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, oppositions, responses and replies, if any, and having heard oral argument presented at the hearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The automatic stay is no longer in effect with respect to the debtor in this case.

2. $\frac{24-24802}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: ROGELIO/MIREYA GARZA

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [39]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$2,900, with two payment(s) of \$2,900 due before the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition which is accompanied by the Declaration of the Debtor, ECF Nos. 45 & 46. The debtor's declaration states that the debtor will bring the plan payment current by the date of the hearing on this motion. See Declaration, ECF No. 46.

The opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the opposition. A statement of intent to pay the delinquency on or before a future date is not equivalent to cure of the delinquency. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1), (6). The court hereby dismisses this case.

3. $\underline{25-21002}_{MRL-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: RUBEN/CAROLINE MORENO

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 6-24-2025 [22]

MIKALAH LIVIAKIS/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

4. $\frac{25-20806}{\text{SLG}-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: LARRY TRIHUB

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 6-11-2025 [43]

JOSHUA STERNBERG/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

Motion: Confirm Chapter 13 Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(d)(1), 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Denied without prejudice

Order: Civil minute order

The motion requests confirmation of the Chapter 13 plan in this case. See 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1323, 1325; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b); LBR 3015-1(d)(1)-(2).

The motion will be denied without prejudice as follows.

FRBP 2002 (b)

(b) 28-Day Notices to the Debtor, Trustee, Creditors, and Indenture Trustees. Except as (1) provides otherwise, the clerk or the court's designee must give the debtor, trustee, *all creditors*, and all indenture trustees at least 28 days' notice by mail...

Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) (emphasis added).

All creditors and parties in interest have not received the notice required by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b). No list of creditors served was attached to the Certificate of Service, ECF No. 48. As a result, the debtor has not sustained the burden of proof as to notice.

The court will deny the motion without prejudice.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The debtor's motion to confirm has been presented to the court. Because of the procedural deficiencies discussed by the court in its ruling,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied without prejudice.

5. $\frac{24-25208}{\text{CYB}-1}$ IN RE: BERNARD/MARY LEE

MOTION TO MODIFY PLAN 6-9-2025 [29]

CANDACE BROOKS/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

6. $\underline{24-25208}$ -A-13 IN RE: BERNARD/MARY LEE DPC-1

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 5-14-2025 [25]

CANDACE BROOKS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

7. $\underline{24-21612}$ -A-13 IN RE: MICHELE GLAVAS $\underline{\text{KMM-1}}$

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 6-12-2025 [28]

JASMIN NGUYEN/ATTY. FOR DBT.
KIRSTEN MARTINEZ/ATTY. FOR MV.
DEUTSCHE BANK NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY VS.

Final Ruling

Motion: Stay Relief

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Denied as moot
Order: Civil minute order

Subject: 2101 & 2103 Bernard Way, Sacramento, California

Federal courts have no authority to decide moot questions. Arizonans for Official English v. Arizona, 520 U.S. 43, 67-68, 72 (1997). "Mootness has been described as the doctrine of standing set in a time frame: The requisite personal interest that must exist at the commencement of the litigation (standing) must continue throughout its existence (mootness)." Id. at 68 n.22 (quoting U.S.

Parole Comm'n v. Geraghty, 445 U.S. 388, 397 (1980)) (internal quotation marks omitted).

The confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case provides for the movant's claim in Class 4. Class 4 secured claims are long-term claims that mature after the completion of the plan's term. They are not modified by the plan, and they are not in default as of the filing of the petition. They are paid directly by the debtor or a third party. Section 3.11(a) of the plan provides: Upon confirmation of the plan, the automatic stay of 11 U.S.C. § 362(a) and the co-debtor stay of 11 U.S.C. § 1301(a) are . . . modified to allow the holder of a Class 4 secured claim to exercise its rights against its collateral and any nondebtor in the event of a default under applicable law or contract . . "

Because the plan has been confirmed, the automatic stay has already been modified to allow the moving party to exercise its rights against its collateral. No effective relief can be awarded. The movant's personal interest in obtaining relief from the stay no longer exists because the stay no longer affects its collateral. The motion will be denied as moot.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Creditor's motion for relief has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied as moot.

8. $\frac{24-21613}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: EMILIO GARCIA

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [41]

CARL GUSTAFSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 11, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \S 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$1,186.00, with two payment(s) of \$460.00 due before the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition; however, no declaration has been filed. ECF No. 45.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B)

Opposition. Opposition, if any, to the granting of the motion shall be in writing and shall be served and filed with the Court by the responding party at least fourteen (14) days preceding the date or continued date of the hearing. Opposition shall be accompanied by evidence establishing its factual allegations. Without good cause, no party shall be heard in opposition to a motion at oral argument if written opposition to the motion has not been timely filed. Failure of the responding party to timely file written opposition may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion or may result in the imposition of sanctions.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B) (emphasis added).

The opposition does not comply with LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). A declaration is required to prove the contentions in the opposition and to provide additional relevant information. For example, there is no evidence indicating that the debtors delivered the payment to the chapter 13 trustee or the method of delivery. Neither is there evidence that the debtor will make additional plan payments.

The debtor's opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the opposition. A statement of intent to pay the delinquency on or before a future date is not equivalent to cure of the delinquency. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

The court gives no weight to an opposition which fails to provide sworn testimony by the party opposing the motion. Unsworn statements by counsel are not evidence and will not be considered.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1), (6). The court hereby dismisses this case.

9. $\frac{23-20418}{\text{TLA}-1}$ IN RE: JOTI MULLINS

MOTION TO MODIFY PLAN 6-16-2025 [33]

THOMAS AMBERG/ATTY. FOR DBT. TRUSTEE NON-OPPOSITION

Final Ruling

Motion: Modify Chapter 13 Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(d)(2), 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Prepared by movant, approved by the trustee

Subject: Amended Chapter 13 Plan, filed June 16, 2025

DEFAULT OF RESPONDENT

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The debtor(s) seek approval of the proposed modified Chapter 13 Plan. The plan is supported by Schedules I and J filed on June 16, 2025, ECF No. 39. The Chapter 13 trustee has filed a non-opposition to the motion, ECF No. 40.

CHAPTER 13 PLAN MODIFICATION

Chapter 13 plan modification is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1323, 1325, 1329 and by Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(a)(5) and 3015(g) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. "[T]he only limits on modification are those set forth in the language of the Code itself, coupled with the bankruptcy judge's discretion and good judgment in reviewing the motion to modify." In re Powers, 202 B.R. 618, 622 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1996).

Chapter 13 debtors seeking plan modification have the burden of proving that all requirements of § 1322(a) and (b) and § 1325(a) have been met. See 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322(a)-(b), 1325(a), 1329(b)(1); see also In re Powers, 202 B.R. at 622 ("[Section] 1329(b)(1) protects the parties from unwarranted modification motions by ensuring that the proposed modifications satisfy the same standards as required of the initial plan."); see also In re Barnes, 32 F.3d 405, 407 (9th Cir. 1994); In re Andrews, 49 F.3d 1404, 1408 (9th Cir. 1995).

The court finds that the debtor has sustained this burden of proof. The court will grant the motion and approve the modification.

10. $\frac{25-20319}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: AARON BATE

CONTINUED OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID P. CUSICK $3-18-2025 \quad [19]$

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

An Order confirming Plan was filed July 2, 2025, ECF No. 46. This objection is removed from the calendar as moot. No appearances are required.

11. 25-20721-A-13 IN RE: DAVID/MELISSA VOELTZ

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - FAILURE TO PAY FEES 6-24-2025 [30]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. 7/14/2025 FINAL INSTALLMENT PAID \$77

Final Ruling

As all installment fees have been paid, the order to show cause is discharged. The case will remain pending.

12. $\frac{25-20721}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: DAVID/MELISSA VOELTZ

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [26]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by debtors

Disposition: Continued to August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

Motion to Modify Plan Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \S 1307(c)(1) and (6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the plan. The trustee contends that the debtor is delinquent in the amount of \S 10,135.00, with two payment(s) of \S 5,800.00 due prior to the hearing date on this motion.

A modified plan has been timely filed and set for hearing in this case. The scheduled hearing on the modification is August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court will continue the hearing on this motion to dismiss to coincide with the hearing on the plan modification. If the modification is disapproved, and the motion to dismiss has not been withdrawn or otherwise resolved, the court may dismiss the case at the continued hearing.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

IT IS ORDERED that the chapter 13 trustee's motion to dismiss is continued to August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if the trustee elects to oppose the debtor's motion to modify, then not later than 14 days prior to the continued hearing date the trustee shall file a status report updating this motion to dismiss. The status report shall provide a concise list explaining the remaining issues in the motion to dismiss and indicate the amount of any plan delinquency. The status report shall be succinct and shall not consist of a cut and paste of the opposition filed by the trustee in response to a motion to amend or modify the debtor's plan.

13. 25-22222-A-13 **IN RE: JAMES JOHNSON**

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - FAILURE TO PAY FEES 7-10-2025 [23]

Final Ruling

As the installment fee has been paid, the order to show cause is discharged. The case will remain pending.

14. $\frac{24-24523}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: AMBER BARBOSA-CUSPARD

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [60]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025 Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

CASE DISMISSAL

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \S 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of $\S11,435.00$, with two payment(s) of $\S17,135.00$ due before the hearing on this motion. The debtor has filed non-opposition. Response, ECF No. 66.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may

convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss this chapter 13 case has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent debtor for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted because of the delinquency under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. The court hereby dismisses this case.

15. $\frac{25-22228}{\text{KMM}-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: AMRIT LAL

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY CORNERSTONE HOME LENDING 6-30-2025 [14]

ANH NGUYEN/ATTY. FOR DBT.
KIRSTEN MARTINEZ/ATTY. FOR MV.

Tentative Ruling

Objection: Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(c)(4), 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition

required

Disposition: Overruled
Order: Civil minute order

When the chapter 13 plan is filed within 14 days of the petition and no motion to confirm is required, see LBR 3015-1(c)(1), the court's local rules require an objection to plan confirmation to be filed and served within 7 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, see LBR 3015-1(c)(4). The notice of the meeting of creditors includes notice of this deadline.

The deadline for filing an objection to confirmation was June 24, 2025. However, the objection was filed on June 30, 2025. The court will overrule this objection as untimely. LBR 3015-1(c)(4)

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Creditor's objection to confirmation has been presented to the court. Having considered the objection together with papers filed in support and opposition, and having heard the arguments of counsel, if any,

IT IS ORDERED that the objection is overruled.

16. $\frac{25-23429}{MRL-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: MARVIN GIBSON AND DWONNA WEST GIBSON

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION $7-14-2025 \quad [10]$

MIKALAH LIVIAKIS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

This motion is continued to August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. Order, ECF No. 20.

17. $\frac{24-20432}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: SCOTT LEATHERS

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [36]

JULIUS CHERRY/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

The Motion was withdrawn by the moving party on July 8, 2025, ECF No. 40. Accordingly, this matter will be removed from the calendar as moot. No appearances are required.

18. $\frac{24-24334}{DPC-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: KENNETH WILKINSON

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 3-4-2025 [95]

Final Ruling

This matter will be called at 10:30 a.m. on July 29, 2025, to coincide with the matters on the adversary proceeding calendar.

19. $\frac{21-22635}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: MARGARET OAKES

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [25]

BRUCE DWIGGINS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

20. $\frac{22-22935}{MS-4}$ -A-13 IN RE: ANTON NEMTYSHKIN

MOTION TO EMPLOY CENTURY 21 CORNERSTONE REALTY AS BROKER(S) 7-3-2025 [108]

MARK SHMORGON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Tentative Ruling

Application: Approval of Employment

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition required

Disposition: Approved

Order: Prepared by applicant pursuant to the instructions below

Unopposed applications are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. $TeleVideo\ Sys.$, $Inc.\ v.\ Heidenthal$, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The court may approve employment of professional persons who "do not hold or represent an interest adverse to the estate, and that are disinterested persons." 11 U.S.C. § 327(a); see also id. § 101(14) (defining "disinterested person"). From the factual information provided in the motion and supporting papers, the court will approve the employment.

The order shall contain the following provision: "Nothing contained herein shall be construed to approve any provision of any agreement between [professional's name] and the estate for indemnification, arbitration, choice of venue, jurisdiction, jury waiver, limitation of damages, or similar provision." The order shall also state its effective date, which date shall be 30 days before the date the employment application was filed except that the effective date shall not precede the petition date.

21. $\frac{22-22935}{MS-5}$ -A-13 IN RE: ANTON NEMTYSHKIN

MOTION TO SELL 7-3-2025 [114]

MARK SHMORGON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Sell Property [Real Property]

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Prepared by moving party pursuant to the instructions below and approved as to form and content by the Chapter 13 trustee

Property: 10001 Woodcreek Oaks Boulevard #413, Roseville, California

Buyer: Elaine Sbabo
Sale Price: \$310,000.00

Sale Type: Private sale subject to overbid opportunity

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

Confirmation of a Chapter 13 plan revests property of the estate in the debtor unless the plan or order confirming the plan provides otherwise. 11 U.S.C. § 1327(b); see also In re Tome, 113 B.R. 626, 632 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. 1990).

Here, the subject property is property of the estate because the debtor's confirmed plan provides that property of the estate will not revest in debtors upon confirmation. Plan, ECF No. 42. Section 363(b)(1) of Title 11 authorizes sales of property of he estate "other than in the ordinary course of business." 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1); see also In re Lionel Corp., 722 F.2d 1063, 1071 (2d Cir. 1983) (requiring business justification). A Chapter 13 debtor has the rights and powers given to a trustee under § 363(b). 11 U.S.C. § 1303. Based on the motion and supporting papers, the court finds a proper reorganization purpose for this sale. The stay of the order provided by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6004(h) will be waived.

The order shall be approved by the Chapter 13 trustee as to form and content. Additionally, the order shall contain language requiring the Chapter 13 trustee to approve the escrow instructions for the sale.

22. $\underline{21-22141}$ -A-13 IN RE: RUBY CORNEJO DPC-2

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [49]

MOHAMMAD MOKARRAM/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under $\S 1307(c)(6)$ as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$1,233.00, with two payment(s) of \$420.00 due before the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition, but it was not accompanied by the Declaration of the Debtor, ECF No. 53.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B)

Opposition. Opposition, if any, to the granting of the motion shall be in writing and shall be served and filed with the Court by the responding party at least fourteen (14) days preceding the date or continued date of the hearing. Opposition shall be accompanied by evidence establishing its factual allegations. Without good cause, no party shall be heard in opposition to a motion at oral argument if written opposition to the motion has not been timely filed. Failure of the responding party to timely file written opposition may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion or may result in the imposition of sanctions.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B) (emphasis added).

The opposition does not comply with LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). A declaration is required to prove the contentions in the opposition and to provide additional relevant information. For example, there is no evidence indicating that the debtors delivered the payment to the chapter 13 trustee or the method of delivery. Neither is there evidence that the debtor will make additional plan payments.

The debtor's opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the opposition. A statement of intent to pay the delinquency on or before a future date is not equivalent to cure of the delinquency. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

The court gives no weight to an opposition which fails to provide sworn testimony by the party opposing the motion. Unsworn statements by counsel are not evidence and will not be considered.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1), (6). The court hereby dismisses this case.

23. $\frac{24-20344}{DPC-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: RANDY HOWARD

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [136]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$2,600.00, with two payment(s) of \$1,300.00 due before the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition, but it was not accompanied by the Declaration of the Debtor, ECF No. 140.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B)

Opposition. Opposition, if any, to the granting of the motion shall be in writing and shall be served and filed with the Court by the responding party at least fourteen (14) days preceding the date or continued date of the hearing. Opposition shall be accompanied by evidence establishing its factual allegations. Without good cause, no party shall be heard in opposition to a motion at oral argument if written opposition to the motion has not been timely filed. Failure of the responding party to timely file written opposition may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion or may result in the imposition of sanctions.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B) (emphasis added).

The opposition does not comply with LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). A declaration is required to prove the contentions in the opposition and to provide additional relevant information. For example, there is no evidence indicating that the debtors delivered the payment to the chapter 13 trustee or the method of delivery. Neither is there evidence that the debtor will make additional plan payments.

The debtor's opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the

opposition. A statement of intent to pay the delinquency on or before a future date is not equivalent to cure of the delinquency. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

The court gives no weight to an opposition which fails to provide sworn testimony by the party opposing the motion. Unsworn statements by counsel are not evidence and will not be considered.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1), (6). The court hereby dismisses this case.

24. $\underline{25-21246}$ -A-13 IN RE: MATT/ESTHER SANCHEZ DPC-1

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-5-2025 [21]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

25. $\frac{25-21246}{PGM-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: MATT/ESTHER SANCHEZ

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 6-24-2025 [25]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

26. $\underline{24-23447}$ -A-13 IN RE: STEPHANIE CHITWOOD DPC-2

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 3-17-2025 [58]

EVAN LIVINGSTONE/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

27. $\underline{24-24247}$ -A-13 IN RE: NEERAJ BHARDWAJ $\underline{\text{DPC-}2}$

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-5-2025 [$\underline{69}$]

SCOTT JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

28. $\frac{24-24247}{\text{SMJ}-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: NEERAJ BHARDWAJ

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 6-9-2025 [73]

SCOTT JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

29. $\frac{25-21750}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: TONY GUDINO

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 7-14-2025 [23]

NICHOLAS WAJDA/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition required

Disposition: Grant in part, deny in part

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: No written opposition required

Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(1) - Plan Delinguency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The Chapter 13 trustee has filed a motion to dismiss due to delinquency and failure to confirm a plan. The motion will be granted as to the delinquency but denied as to plan confirmation.

CASE DISMISSAL

Delinquency

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case for delinquency in payments under the chapter 13 plan. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(1) to dismiss the case. Payments under the plan are delinquent in the amount of \$7,035.76 with a further payment of \$3,517.88 due July 25, 2025.

Failure to Confirm a Plan

The trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under § 1307(c)(1) to dismiss the case. The debtor has failed to confirm a plan within a reasonable time. The trustee objected to confirmation of debtor's original plan, which was set for hearing June 10, 2025, and continued to

September 9, 2025. The court ordered the debtor to either file a statement of no opposition or respond to the objection by July 1, 2025. However, the debtor may still file an amended plan and resolve the objection. As such, this is not sufficient reason for dismissal. The case has only been pending for around 3 months.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss this chapter 13 case has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent debtor for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied as to failure to confirm a chapter 13 plan.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the motion is granted as to the delinquency under the chapter 13 plan in this case. The court hereby dismisses this case.

30. $\frac{25-21459}{AP-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: VICTORIA BARAJAS

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 6-16-2025 [14]

COLBY LAVELLE/ATTY. FOR DBT. WENDY LOCKE/ATTY. FOR MV. NATIONS DIRECT MORTGAGE, LLC VS. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

31. $\underline{24-22460}$ -A-13 IN RE: HAYDEN/MANDY COIT MRL-1

MOTION TO MODIFY PLAN 6-20-2025 [43]

MIKALAH LIVIAKIS/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

Motion: Modify Confirmed Chapter 13 Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(d)(2), 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Denied as moot
Order: Civil minute order

THE MODIFIED PLAN HAS BEEN SUPERSEDED

Chapter 13 debtors may modify a confirmed plan before completion of payments under the plan. 11 U.S.C. § 1329(a). This motion requests approval of a modified plan under § 1329(a). But the requested modified plan has been superseded by another modified plan. Because another modified plan has superseded the modified plan to be confirmed by this motion, the court will deny the motion as moot.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

IT IS ORDERED that the motion to modify the plan is denied as moot.

32. $\underline{25-22060}$ -A-13 IN RE: MARIA SANABRIA DPC-1

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID CUSICK 6-18-2025 [19]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Objection: Trustee's Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(c)(4), 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition

required

Disposition: Continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

The Chapter 13 trustee objects to confirmation of the debtor(s) plan.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

The court will continue the hearing on this objection to allow the parties to augment the evidentiary record.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing on this objection will be continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court may rule in this matter without further hearing.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no later than August 5, 2025, the debtor(s) shall do one of the following:

- (A) File a Statement of No Opposition. If the debtor(s) agree that the Chapter 13 trustee's objection is well taken, the debtor(s) shall concede the merits and file a statement of non-opposition to the objection. L.R. 230(c) ("A responding party who has no opposition to the granting of the motion shall serve and file a statement to that effect...); LBR 1001-1(c)-(d) (omitting the applicability of L.R. 230 unless the court orders otherwise);
- (B) Respond in Writing to the Objection. If the debtor(s) disagree with the trustee's objection, the debtor(s) shall file and serve a written response to the objection; the response shall specifically address each issue raised in the trustee's objection to confirmation, state whether the issue is disputed or undisputed, and

include admissible evidence in support of the debtor's position. If the debtor(s) file a response under paragraph 3(B) of this order, then the trustee shall file and serve a reply, if any, no later than August 26, 2025. The evidentiary record will close after August 26, 2025; or

(C) <u>File a Modified Plan</u>. If the debtor(s) wish to resolve the Chapter 13 trustee's objection by filing a modified plan, then the debtor(s) shall: (1) file and serve a modified Chapter 13 plan; and (2) file and serve a motion to confirm the modified plan.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if the parties resolve the trustee's objection, and there are no additional objections to confirmation pending, then the debtor(s) may submit an order confirming the plan which has been signed by the Chapter 13 trustee. The trustee's signature on the order confirming plan represents to the court that no further objections to confirmation of the proposed plan are pending.

33. $\underline{25-22060}$ -A-13 IN RE: MARIA SANABRIA $\underline{\text{DPC-2}}$

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-27-2025 [35]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 15, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(1) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(1) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$427.00, with one payment(s) of \$285.00 due prior to the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition which is accompanied by the Declaration of the Debtor, ECF Nos. 44 & 45. The declaration states that the debtor will bring the plan payment current by the date of the hearing on this motion. See Declaration, ECF No. 45.

The opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the opposition. A statement of intent to pay the delinquency on or before a future date is not equivalent to cure of the delinquency. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1). The court hereby dismisses this case.

34. $\frac{25-22060}{SKI-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: MARIA SANABRIA

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY EXETER FINANCE LLC 6-20-2025 [26]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. SHERYL ITH/ATTY. FOR MV.

Final Ruling

Objection: Creditor's Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(c)(4), 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition

required

Disposition: Continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

Creditor, Exter Finance, LLC, objects to confirmation of the debtor(s) plan.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

The court will continue the hearing on this objection to allow the parties to augment the evidentiary record.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing on this objection will be continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court may rule in this matter without further hearing.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no later than August 5, 2025, the debtor(s) shall do one of the following:

- (A) File a Statement of No Opposition. If the debtor(s) agree that the creditor's objection is well taken, the debtor(s) shall concede the merits and file a statement of non-opposition to the objection. L.R. 230(c) ("A responding party who has no opposition to the granting of the motion shall serve and file a statement to that effect...); LBR 1001-1(c)-(d) (omitting the applicability of L.R. 230 unless the court orders otherwise);
- (B) Respond in Writing to the Objection. If the debtor(s) disagrees with the creditor's objection, the debtor(s) shall file and serve a written response to the objection; the response shall specifically address each issue raised in the creditor's objection

to confirmation, state whether the issue is disputed or undisputed, and include admissible evidence in support of the debtor's position. If the debtor(s) file a response under paragraph 3(B) of this order, then the creditor shall file and serve a reply, if any, no later than August 26, 2025. The evidentiary record will close after August 26, 2025; or

(C) File a Modified Plan. If the debtor(s) wish to resolve the creditor's objection by filing a modified plan, then the debtor(s) shall: (1) file and serve a modified Chapter 13 plan; and (2) file and serve a motion to confirm the modified plan.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any stipulation between the parties resolving this matter must be approved and signed by the Chapter 13 trustee prior to filing with the court. The trustee's signature on the stipulation warrants that the terms of the proposed stipulation do not impact the plan's compliance with 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a).

35. $\frac{25-20561}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: TRACEY MYNHIER

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-27-2025 [47]

MICHAEL HAYS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025 Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(1) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

CASE DISMISSAL

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case for delinquency in payments under the chapter 13 plan. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under \S 1307(c)(1) to dismiss the case. Payments under the plan are delinquent in the amount of $\S4,987.84$ with one payment(s) of $\S3,234.46$ due prior to the hearing

on this motion. The debtor has filed a response stating they do not oppose the motion. Response, ECF No. 51.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss this chapter 13 case has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent debtor for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted because of the delinquency under the chapter 13 plan in this case. The court hereby dismisses this case.

36. $\frac{24-24963}{DPC-1}$ -A-7 IN RE: HEIDI MAESTRETTI

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [18]

JULIUS CHERRY/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

This matter will be removed from the calendar as moot. This case was converted to a Chapter 7 on July 16, 2025. No appearances are necessary.

37. $\underline{25-21965}_{MJD-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: CHARLES NJENGA

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF DIVERSITAS HOLDINGS LLC 7-1-2025 [21]

MATTHEW DECAMINADA/ATTY. FOR DBT. TRUSTEE NON-OPPOSITION

Final Ruling

Motion: Avoid Lien that Impairs Exemption Disposition: Denied without prejudice

Order: Civil minute order

The court will deny the motion without prejudice on grounds of insufficient service of process on the responding party. A motion to avoid a lien is a contested matter requiring service of the motion in the manner provided by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7004. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4003(d), 9014(b); see also In re Villar, 317 B.R. 88, 92 n.6 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2004). Under Rule 7004, service on FDIC-insured institutions must "be made by certified mail addressed to an officer of the institution" unless one of the exceptions applies. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(h).

Service of the motion was insufficient. Service of the motion was not made by certified mail or was not addressed to an officer of the responding party. No showing has been made that the exceptions in Rule 7004(h) are applicable. See Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(h)(1)-(3).

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Debtor's motion to avoid lien has been presented to the court. Given the procedural deficiencies discussed by the court in its ruling,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied without prejudice.

38. $\underline{24-25566}$ -A-13 IN RE: NIKKETA GREEN DPC-2

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-3-2025 [48]

SCOTT JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

No Ruling

39. $\underline{24-25566}$ -A-13 IN RE: NIKKETA GREEN SMJ-3

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 6-9-2025 [52]

SCOTT JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Confirm Chapter 13 Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(d)(1), 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by

the trustee

Disposition: Denied

Order: Civil minute order

The motion requests confirmation of the Chapter 13 plan in this case. See 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1323, 1325; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b); LBR 3015-1(d)(1)-(2). The Chapter 13 trustee opposes the motion, objecting to confirmation.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

FACTS

Debtor filed this plan on June 9, 2025. On June 10, 2025, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) filed a proof of claim in the amount of \$25,340.25 with \$23,106.55 being unsecured priority claims and \$2,33.70 being unsecured general claims while debtor's original plan estimated the priority claim in the amount of \$16,000.00. Plan, ECF No. 54.

PLAN FEASIBILITY

The proposed plan must be feasible. 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a)(6). Feasibility is a "factual determination" as to the plan's "reasonable likelihood of success." First Nat'l Bank of Boston v. Fantasia (In re Fantasia), 211 B.R. 420, 423 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 1997). The bankruptcy court needs to "be satisfied that the debtor has the present as well as the future financial capacity to comply with the terms of the plan." Id. As one court summarized feasibility, "Thus, a plan is not feasible and is not confirmable if a debtor's income will not support the plan's proposed payments. In re Barnes, 275 B.R. 889, 894 (Bankr. E.D. Cal.2002) ("[T]he debtors showed no disposable income with which to fund a plan... [T]he debtors have been unable to actually pay the amount projected ... to the trustee."); In re Bernardes, 267 B.R. 690, 695 (Bankr. D.N.J. 2001) ("While the feasibility requirement is not rigorous ... the plan

proponent must, at minimum, demonstrate that the Debtor's income exceeds expenses by an amount sufficient to make the payments proposed by the plan."); In re Wilkinson, 99 B.R. 366, 369 (Bankr. N.D. Ohio 1989) ("[D]ebtors will not be able to comply with the plan and make all payments thereunder.")." In re Buccolo, 397 B.R. 527, 530 (Bankr. D.N.J. 2008), aff'd, 2009 WL 2132435 (D.N.J. July 13, 2009).

Currently, it does not appear that the debtor's income will support the plan. The IRS claim will require an increase in the amount of plan payments to pay the priority claims. Debtor's net income can only support a plan payment of \$1,193.71 monthly. The plan does not appear to be feasible as required by 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a)(6).

PLAN OVEREXTENSION

The trustee calculates that the plan will take 65 months to complete. This exceeds the maximum length of 60 months allowed under 11 U.S.C. § 1322(d).

The debtor has listed in the amended plan an IRS priority claim in the amount of \$16,000.00. However, the IRS claim was filed in the amount of \$25,340.25 with \$23,106.55 being unsecured priority claims. AS such, the plan does not properly account for the higher claim and therefore, the plan is not feasible under 11 U.S.C. \$1325(a)(6).

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The debtor's motion to confirm a chapter 13 plan has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion together with papers filed in support and opposition to it, and having heard the arguments of counsel, if any, and good cause appearing, presented at the hearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied. The court denies confirmation of the chapter 13 plan.

40. $\frac{25-22466}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: ERIN AURICH

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID P. CUSICK $7-7-2025 \quad [\frac{19}{3}]$

MOHAMMAD MOKARRAM/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTOR DISMISSED: 07/14/25

Final Ruling

This case was dismissed on July 14, 2025. Accordingly, the objection will be removed from the calendar as moot. No appearances are required.

41. $\frac{25-22466}{\text{NLG-1}}$ -A-13 IN RE: ERIN AURICH

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY CARRINGTON MORTGAGE SERVICES, LLC 6-18-2025 [13]

MOHAMMAD MOKARRAM/ATTY. FOR DBT. NICHOLE GLOWIN/ATTY. FOR MV. DEBTOR DISMISSED: 07/14/25

Final Ruling

This case was dismissed on July 14, 2025. Accordingly, the objection will be removed from the calendar as moot. No appearances are required.

42. $\frac{22-21968}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: LYNITA HARRIS

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [119]

CHAD JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Withdrawn
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 10, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan.

TRUSTEE REPLY - Fed. R. Civ. P. 41

The trustee filed a timely request to dismiss his motion under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014, 7041.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41 governs the circumstances where a party may withdraw a motion or objection. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7041, 9014(c) (applying rule dismissal of adversary proceedings to contested matters). A motion or objection may be withdrawn without a court order only if it has not been opposed or by stipulation "signed by all parties who have appeared." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(1)(A). In all other instances, a motion or objection may be withdrawn "only by court order, on terms that the court considers proper." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(2).

Here, the Chapter 13 trustee has signaled his abandonment of his motion to dismiss. Neither the debtor(s), nor any creditor, has expressed opposition to the withdrawal of the trustee's motion. No unfair prejudice will result from withdrawal of the motion and the court will accede to the trustee's request.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

IT IS ORDERED that the motion to dismiss is withdrawn.

43. $\frac{23-24370}{DPC-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: SARA KLINKENBORG

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [67]

LUCAS GARCIA/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Tentative Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition filed by the debtor

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025

Opposition Filed: July 12, 2025 - timely

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this case, asserting that cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) as the debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed plan. The trustee contends that the plan payments are delinquent in the amount of \$6,050.00, with two payment(s) of \$2,250.00 due before the hearing on this motion.

The debtor has filed a timely opposition; however, no declaration has been filed. ECF No. 71.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B)

Opposition. Opposition, if any, to the granting of the motion shall be in writing and shall be served and filed with the Court by the responding party at least fourteen (14) days preceding the date or continued date of the hearing. Opposition shall be accompanied by evidence establishing its factual allegations. Without good cause, no party shall be heard in opposition to a motion at oral argument if written opposition to the motion has not been timely filed. Failure of the responding party to timely file written opposition may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion or may result in the imposition of sanctions.

LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B) (emphasis added).

The opposition does not comply with LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). A declaration is required to prove the contentions in the opposition and to provide additional relevant information. For example, there is no evidence indicating that the debtors delivered the payment to the chapter 13 trustee or the method of delivery. Neither is there evidence that the debtor will make additional plan payments.

The debtor's opposition does not fully resolve the grounds for dismissal. A delinquency still exists as of the date of the opposition. A statement of intent to file a modified plan after the court date is not sufficient. The court is unable to deny the motion given the outstanding delinquency.

The court gives no weight to an opposition which fails to provide sworn testimony by the party opposing the motion. Unsworn statements by counsel are not evidence and will not be considered.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7. The court will dismiss the case.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss has been presented to the court. Having considered the motion, the opposition, responses, and oral argument at the hearing, if any, and good cause appearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted. The debtor has failed to make all payments due under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. Delinquency constitutes cause to dismiss this case. 11 U.S.C. \$ 1307(c)(1), (6). The court hereby dismisses this case.

44. $\frac{22-22272}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: CHELSEA SLATTERY

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-13-2025 [23]

MOHAMMAD MOKARRAM/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

This matter will be removed from the calendar as moot. This case was converted to a Chapter 7 on July 17, 2025. No appearances are necessary.

45. $\frac{24-23175}{DPC-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: DAVID FRIAS

CONTINUED MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 2-14-2025 [50]

CHAD JOHNSON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: Continued from July 8, 2025

Disposition: Continued to August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

This matter has been continued previously due to the debtor's plan relying on the conclusion of a worker's compensation case. The Trustee has stated that they are not opposed to continuing the motion to dismiss to the same date as the motion to modify to see if the worker's compensation case has been concluded. Status Report, ECF No. 77.

As such, a modified plan has been timely filed and set for hearing in this case. The scheduled hearing on the modification is August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court will continue the hearing on this motion to dismiss to coincide with the hearing on the plan modification. If the modification is disapproved, and the motion to dismiss has not been withdrawn or otherwise resolved, the court may dismiss the case at the continued hearing.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

IT IS ORDERED that the chapter 13 trustee's motion to dismiss is continued to August 19, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if the trustee elects to oppose the debtor's motion to modify, then not later than 14 days prior to the continued hearing date the trustee shall file a status report updating this motion to dismiss. The status report shall provide a concise list explaining the remaining issues in the motion to dismiss and indicate the amount of any plan delinquency. The status report shall be succinct and shall not consist of a cut and paste of the opposition filed by the trustee in response to a motion to amend or modify the debtor's plan.

46. $\frac{24-23577}{\text{TLA}-2}$ -A-13 IN RE: JAMIE MELONI

MOTION TO MODIFY PLAN 6-17-2025 [32]

THOMAS AMBERG/ATTY. FOR DBT.
TRUSTEE NON-OPPOSITION

Final Ruling

Motion: Modify Chapter 13 Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(d)(2), 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Prepared by movant, approved by the trustee

Subject: Amended Chapter 13 Plan, filed June 17, 2025

DEFAULT OF RESPONDENT

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The debtor(s) seek approval of the proposed modified Chapter 13 Plan. The plan is supported by Schedules I and J filed on June 17, 2025, ECF No. 34. The Chapter 13 trustee has filed a non-opposition to the motion, ECF No. 39.

CHAPTER 13 PLAN MODIFICATION

Chapter 13 plan modification is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1323, 1325, 1329 and by Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(a)(5) and 3015(g) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. "[T]he only limits on modification are those set forth in the language of the Code itself, coupled with the bankruptcy judge's discretion and good judgment in reviewing the motion to modify." In re Powers, 202 B.R. 618, 622 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1996).

Chapter 13 debtors seeking plan modification have the burden of proving that all requirements of § 1322(a) and (b) and § 1325(a) have been met. See 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322(a)-(b), 1325(a), 1329(b)(1); see also In re Powers, 202 B.R. at 622 ("[Section] 1329(b)(1) protects the parties from unwarranted modification motions by ensuring that the proposed modifications satisfy the same standards as required of the initial plan."); see also In re Barnes, 32 F.3d 405, 407 (9th Cir. 1994); In re Andrews, 49 F.3d 1404, 1408 (9th Cir. 1995).

The court finds that the debtor has sustained this burden of proof. The court will grant the motion and approve the modification.

47. $\frac{25-20480}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: PEGGY/RONALD GRAVES

CONTINUED OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID P. CUSICK $3-18-2025 \quad [18]$

MICHAEL HAYS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Objection: Chapter 13 Plan Confirmation/Modification

Notice: Continued; written opposition required

Disposition: Sustained
Order: Civil minute order

This is a motion to confirm the debtor(s) original/modified Chapter 13 plan. Written opposition to this motion was required. None has been filed. Any opposition to the relief sought has been waived. See id. ("Failure of the responding party to timely file written opposition may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion or may result in the imposition of sanctions.").

CHAPTER 13 PLAN CONFIRMATION

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. Modified Chapter 13 plans are subject to additional scrutiny. 11 U.S.C. § 1329; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3015(h). The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. In re Andrews, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); In re Barnes, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994). Here, the debtor(s) has not sustained its burden. The Chapter 13 trustee and/or a creditor objected to plan confirmation. Because that objection was set under LBR 9014-1(f)(2), no written response was required. This court continued this matter and required the debtor to do one of the following: (1) file a statement of non-opposition to the objection; (2) filing a written response to the objection; or (3) file, set, and serve a modified plan. The debtor has not responded to this court's order.

As a consequence, the debtor(s)' default is entered, and the objection is sustained.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Chapter 13 trustee's objection to confirmation has been presented to the court. Having considered the objection, oppositions, responses and replies, if any, and having heard oral argument presented at the hearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the objection is sustained. The court denies confirmation of the chapter 13 plan.

48. $\frac{24-25581}{DPC-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: TRINA BRYANT

OBJECTION TO DEBTOR'S CLAIM OF EXEMPTIONS 7-2-2025 [52]

Final Ruling

Objection: Trustee's Objection To Claim of Exemptions

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1)

Disposition: Sustained

Order: Civil Minute Order

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

The chapter 13 trustee has objected timely to the debtor's claim of exemptions as indicated in Schedule C, ECF No. 49. The trustee contends his objection should be sustained because the debtor has not claimed dollar amounts exempt as required under California law.

EXEMPTIONS

Burden of Proof

Section 703.580 of the California Code of Civil Procedure allocates the burden of proof in state-law exemption proceedings. Cal. Civ. Proc. Code \S 703.580(b). The bankruptcy appellate panel in this circuit has concluded that "where a state law exemption statute specifically allocates the burden of proof to the debtor, Rule 4003(c) does not change that allocation." In re Diaz, 547 B.R. 329,

337 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2016). In this exemption proceeding in bankruptcy, therefore, the debtor bears the burden of proof.

C.C.P. 704.020(a)

The debtor has claimed 100% market value in exemptions under furnishings. Amended Schedule C, ECF No. 49. C.C.P. 704.020 states that household furnishings are exempt "if ordinarily and reasonably necessary" at the debtor's principal place of residence.

In determining whether an item of property is "ordinarily and reasonably necessary" under subdivision the court considers 1) what type of item is ordinarily found in a household and 2) whether the particular item has extraordinary value as compared to value of items of the same type found in other households. C.C.P. 704.020.

The debtor in this instant case has not provided information on the household furnishings other than that they are "furnishings". Amended Schedule C, ECF No. 49. Without more information, the court is unable to determine if the property is ordinarily and reasonably necessary. For this reason, the court will disallow the exemption of "Furnishings" listed in the Amended Schedule C. The debtor has not met their burden of proof.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

Trustee's objection to debtor's claim of exemptions has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the objection,

IT IS ORDERED that the objection is sustained.

49. $\frac{25-21783}{AP-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: HARPREET SINGH AND RAJBIR KAUR

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 6-12-2025 [26]

KRISTY HERNANDEZ/ATTY. FOR DBT.
WENDY LOCKE/ATTY. FOR MV.
DEUTSCHE BANK NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY VS.
RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

50. $\underline{25-22484}$ -A-13 IN RE: PAOLA RESCINO DPC-1

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID P. CUSICK 7-2-2025 [12]

ROBERT HUCKABY/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Objection: Trustee's Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(c)(4), 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition

required

Disposition: Continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

The Chapter 13 trustee objects to confirmation of the debtor(s) plan.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

The court will continue the hearing on this objection to allow the parties to augment the evidentiary record.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing on this objection will be continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court may rule in this matter without further hearing.

- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no later than August 5, 2025, the debtor(s) shall do one of the following:
- (A) File a Statement of No Opposition. If the debtor(s) agree that the Chapter 13 trustee's objection is well taken, the debtor(s) shall concede the merits and file a statement of non-opposition to the objection. L.R. 230(c) ("A responding party who has no opposition to the granting of the motion shall serve and file a statement to that effect...); LBR 1001-1(c)-(d) (omitting the applicability of L.R. 230 unless the court orders otherwise);
- (B) Respond in Writing to the Objection. If the debtor(s) disagree with the trustee's objection, the debtor(s) shall file and serve a written response to the objection; the response shall specifically address each issue raised in the trustee's objection to confirmation, state whether the issue is disputed or undisputed, and include admissible evidence in support of the debtor's position. If the debtor(s) file a response under paragraph 3(B) of this order, then the trustee shall file and serve a reply, if any, no later than August 26, 2025. The evidentiary record will close after August 26, 2025; or
- (C) <u>File a Modified Plan</u>. If the debtor(s) wish to resolve the Chapter 13 trustee's objection by filing a modified plan, then the debtor(s) shall: (1) file and serve a modified Chapter 13 plan; and (2) file and serve a motion to confirm the modified plan.
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if the parties resolve the trustee's objection, and there are no additional objections to confirmation pending, then the debtor(s) may submit an order confirming the plan which has been signed by the Chapter 13 trustee. The trustee's signature on the order confirming plan represents to the court that no further objections to confirmation of the proposed plan are pending.

51. $\frac{25-22484}{RWF-1}$ IN RE: PAOLA RESCINO

OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY HEAVENLY ESTATES MHC, LLC

7-2-2025 [16]

ROBERT HUCKABY/ATTY. FOR DBT. ROBERT FONG/ATTY. FOR MV.

Final Ruling

Objection: Creditor's Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: LBR 3015-1(c)(4), 9014-1(f)(2); no written opposition

required

Disposition: Continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m.

Order: Civil minute order

Creditor, Heavenly Estates MHC, LLC, objects to confirmation of the debtor(s) plan.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

The court will continue the hearing on this objection to allow the parties to augment the evidentiary record.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing on this objection will be continued to September 23, 2025, at 9:00 a.m. The court may rule in this matter without further hearing.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no later than August 5, 2025, the debtor(s) shall do one of the following:

- (A) File a Statement of No Opposition. If the debtor(s) agree that the creditor's objection is well taken, the debtor(s) shall concede the merits and file a statement of non-opposition to the objection. L.R. 230(c) ("A responding party who has no opposition to the granting of the motion shall serve and file a statement to that effect...); LBR 1001-1(c)-(d) (omitting the applicability of L.R. 230 unless the court orders otherwise);
- (B) Respond in Writing to the Objection. If the debtor(s) disagrees with the creditor's objection, the debtor(s) shall file and serve a written response to the objection; the response shall

specifically address each issue raised in the creditor's objection to confirmation, state whether the issue is disputed or undisputed, and include admissible evidence in support of the debtor's position. If the debtor(s) file a response under paragraph 3(B) of this order, then the creditor shall file and serve a reply, if any, no later than August 26, 2025. The evidentiary record will close after August 26, 2025; or

(C) File a Modified Plan. If the debtor(s) wish to resolve the creditor's objection by filing a modified plan, then the debtor(s) shall: (1) file and serve a modified Chapter 13 plan; and (2) file and serve a motion to confirm the modified plan.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any stipulation between the parties resolving this matter must be approved and signed by the Chapter 13 trustee prior to filing with the court. The trustee's signature on the stipulation warrants that the terms of the proposed stipulation do not impact the plan's compliance with 11 U.S.C. § 1325(a).

52. $\underline{25-20386}$ -A-13 IN RE: JAMES/NICOLE RIDDLE DPC-1

CONTINUED OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION OF PLAN BY DAVID P. CUSICK

3-18-2025 [15]

NIKKI FARRIS/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Objection: Trustee's Objection to Confirmation of Plan

Notice: Continued from April 15, 2025

Disposition: Sustained
Order: Civil minute order

The hearing on the Chapter 13 trustee's objection to confirmation was continued to allow the parties to augment the evidentiary record.

Chapter 13 plan confirmation is governed by 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322, 1325 and by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(b) and Local Bankruptcy Rule 3015-1. The debtor has the burden of proving that the plan complies with all statutory requirements of confirmation. *In re Andrews*, 49 F.3d 1404, 1407-08 (9th Cir. 1995); *In re Barnes*, 32 F.3d 405, 407-08 (9th Cir. 1994).

The debtor has filed a statement indicating that he intends to file an amended plan. Response, ECF No. 21. Accordingly, the court will sustain this objection because the plan does not appear feasible and additional expenses must be listed on Schedule J. Motion, ECF No. 15.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's objection to confirmation has been presented to the court. Having considered the objection, oppositions, responses, and replies, if any, and having heard oral argument presented at the hearing,

IT IS ORDERED that the objection is sustained.

53. $\underline{25-20386}$ -A-13 IN RE: JAMES/NICOLE RIDDLE NF-1

MOTION TO CONFIRM PLAN 5-26-2025 [24]

NIKKI FARRIS/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

$54. \frac{24-24888}{GGB-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: ANGELA BEASLEY

MOTION FOR COMPENSATION FOR GORDON G. BONES, DEBTORS ATTORNEY(S) 6-27-2025 [112]

GORDON BONES/ATTY. FOR DBT. DEBTOR DISMISSED: 04/16/25 RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

Application: Allowance of Final Compensation and Expense

Reimbursement

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Denied without prejudice

Order: Civil minute order

Debtor's counsel moves for an order approving the compensation and reimbursement of expenses.

All creditors and parties in interest have not received sufficient notice. The hearing on an application for approval of compensation

or reimbursement of expenses, when the application requests approval of an amount exceeding \$1000, must be noticed to all creditors and parties in interest in the debtor's bankruptcy case as required by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(a)(3).

FEDERAL RULE OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 2002(a)(6)

(a) 21-Day Notices to the Debtor, Trustee, Creditors, and Indenture Trustees. Except as (h), (i), (l), (p), and (q) provide otherwise, the clerk or the court's designee must give the debtor, the trustee, all creditors, and all indenture trustees at least 21 days' notice by mail of: ...

(6) a hearing on a request for compensation or for reimbursement of expenses, if the request exceeds

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)(6) (emphasis added).

\$1,000...

In this case, more than 70 days has passed since the filing of the petition and this court has adopted the limited noticing provisions of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2002(h). LBR 2002-3. As a result, only creditors that have filed claims are entitled to notice of this motion.

Here, notice was insufficient in that the following creditors that have filed claims not served: (1) American Express National Bank; (2) Bank of America; (3) U.S. Bank National Trust Association; and (4) Ken M Kitselman and Nancy Kitselman. Compare Creditors Matrix, July 23, 2025 (showing five creditors and other parties in interest who are not registered users of the court's electronic-filing system) with Certificate of Service p. 4, ECF No. 116 (which serves the debtor by mail and the U.S. Trustee and David Cusick, Chapter 13 by email, but no other creditors).

Moreover, the Certificate of Service attempts to effectuate service by emailing the motion and ancillary documents on Ken M Kitselman and Nancy Kitselman by sending the motion via email. While notice by email may be effectuated if the party so consents, there has been no showing of consent by these creditors in this case. And the court notes that local rules specifically address this scenario.

(b) Notice from and Service by the Court.

. .

2) Non-registered Users Who Have Consented to Service by Electronic Means. As used in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9036(b)(2), as applicable to other persons by Rule 9036(c), recipient means those persons who have consented in writing to service by electronic means. Any such consent must specify the party for whom consent is given and the particular means, i.e., email to a specified address, to which

consent is given. Any such consent must be signed by a duly authorized representative of that party.

(c) Notices from and Service by an Entity. Any entity may send notice or serve a paper in the same manner that the clerk does under (b), excluding (b)(2)(A) and (B) in Fed. Rule Bankruptcy Procedure 9036. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9036(c). For persons served electronically pursuant to their consent to such service (not ECF Registered User service by the Clerk of the Court), a copy of the written consent to such electronic service shall be attached to the Certificate of Service.

LBR 9036-1 (emphasis added).

Service to Kitselman's attorney, Arnold L Graff, does not comply with Rule 9036 and LBR 9036-1 because: (1) there has been no showing of consent; (2) at the address provided; or (3) upon Arnold L. Graff, instead of on the Kitselman's personally. As a result, the court finds notice to Kitselmans is insufficient.

The motion will be denied.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Counsel's motion for compensation has been presented to the court. Given the procedural deficiencies discussed by the court in its ruling,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is denied without prejudice.

55. $\frac{24-23595}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: JEREMY FONTAINE AND JEREMY MACHADO

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [33]

SETH HANSON/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Withdrawn
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025 Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

CASE DISMISSAL

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case for delinquency in payments under the confirmed chapter 13 plan. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) to dismiss the case. Payments under the confirmed plan are delinquent in the amount of \$2,606.00 with two payment(s) of \$800.00 due prior to the hearing on this motion.

TRUSTEE REPLY - Fed. R. Civ. P. 41

The trustee filed a timely request to dismiss his motion under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014, 7041.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41 governs the circumstances where a party may withdraw a motion or objection. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7041, 9014(c) (applying rule dismissal of adversary proceedings to contested matters). A motion or objection may be withdrawn without a court order only if it has not been opposed or by stipulation "signed by all parties who have appeared." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(1)(A). In all other instances, a motion or objection may be withdrawn "only by court order, on terms that the court considers proper." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(2).

Here, the Chapter 13 trustee has signaled his abandonment of his motion to dismiss. Neither the debtor(s), nor any creditor, has expressed opposition to the withdrawal of the trustee's motion. No

unfair prejudice will result from withdrawal of the motion and the court will accede to the trustee's request.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

IT IS ORDERED that the motion to dismiss is withdrawn.

56. $\frac{23-23797}{DPC-3}$ -A-13 IN RE: MICHAEL/AMY WHITING

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [61]

THOMAS AMBERG/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

No Ruling

57. $\frac{24-24597}{DPC-4}$ -A-13 IN RE: AYANNA SPIKES

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 7-1-2025 [61]

PETER MACALUSO/ATTY. FOR DBT. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Granted
Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025 Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true.

TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

CASE DISMISSAL

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case for delinquency in payments under the confirmed chapter 13 plan. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) to dismiss the case. Payments under the confirmed plan are delinquent in the amount of \$4,000.00 with one payment(s) of \$2,000.00 due prior to the hearing on this motion. Debtor has filed non-opposition. ECF No. 65.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss this chapter 13 case has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent debtor for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted because of the delinquency under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. The court hereby dismisses this case.

58. $\frac{24-25699}{DPC-1}$ -A-13 IN RE: DENISE JOHNSON-KAUL

MOTION TO DISMISS CASE 6-18-2025 [34]

RABIN POURNAZARIAN/ATTY. FOR DBT.

Final Ruling

Motion: Dismiss Case

Notice: LBR 9014-1(f)(1); written opposition required

Disposition: Granted

Order: Civil minute order

Opposition Due: July 15, 2025 Opposition Filed: Unopposed

Cause: 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)(6) - Plan Delinquency

Best Interests of Creditors/Estate: Dismiss

Unopposed motions are subject to the rules of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55, incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055, 9014(c). Written opposition to this motion was required not less than 14 days before the hearing on this motion. LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B). None has been filed. The default of the responding party is entered. The court considers the record, accepting well-pleaded facts as true. TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917-18 (9th Cir. 1987).

CASE DISMISSAL

The chapter 13 trustee moves to dismiss this chapter 13 case for delinquency in payments under the confirmed chapter 13 plan. For the reasons stated in the motion, cause exists under \$ 1307(c)(6) to dismiss the case. Payments under the confirmed plan are delinquent in the amount of \$2,400.00 with two payment(s) of \$1,200.00 due prior to the hearing on this motion.

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c)

Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause, including—

. . .

11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).

The court finds that dismissal is in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. This case has not been previously converted from a chapter 7.

CIVIL MINUTE ORDER

The court shall issue a civil minute order that conforms substantially to the following form:

Findings of fact and conclusions of law are stated in the civil minutes for the hearing.

The trustee's motion to dismiss this chapter 13 case has been presented to the court. Having entered the default of respondent debtor for failure to appear, timely oppose, or otherwise defend in the matter, and having considered the well-pleaded facts of the motion,

IT IS ORDERED that the motion is granted because of the delinquency under the confirmed chapter 13 plan in this case. The court hereby dismisses this case.