UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Eastern District of California Honorable René Lastreto II

Hearing Date: Tuesday, March 5, 2019
Place: Department B - Courtroom #13
Fresno, California

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRE-HEARING DISPOSITIONS

Each matter on this calendar will have one of three possible designations: No Ruling, Tentative Ruling, or Final Ruling. These instructions apply to those designations.

No Ruling: All parties will need to appear at the hearing unless otherwise ordered.

Tentative Ruling: If a matter has been designated as a tentative ruling it will be called. The court may continue the hearing on the matter, set a briefing schedule or enter other orders appropriate for efficient and proper resolution of the matter. The original moving or objecting party shall give notice of the continued hearing date and the deadlines. The minutes of the hearing will be the court's findings and conclusions.

Final Ruling: Unless otherwise ordered, there will be no hearing on these matters. The final disposition of the matter is set forth in the ruling and it will appear in the minutes. The final ruling may or may not finally adjudicate the matter. If it is finally adjudicated, the minutes constitute the court's findings and conclusions.

Orders: Unless the court specifies in the tentative or final ruling that it will issue an order, the prevailing party shall lodge an order within 14 days of the final hearing on the matter.

THE COURT ENDEAVORS TO PUBLISH ITS RULINGS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. HOWEVER, CALENDAR PREPARATION IS ONGOING AND THESE RULINGS MAY BE REVISED OR UPDATED AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO 4:00 P.M. THE DAY BEFORE THE SCHEDULED HEARINGS. PLEASE CHECK AT THAT TIME FOR POSSIBLE UPDATES.

9:30 AM

1. $\frac{11-19905}{TCS-1}$ -B-7 IN RE: RICHARD MCINTYRE

OBJECTION TO CLAIM OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS BUREAU, INC., CLAIM NUMBER 3

1-15-2019 [92]

RICHARD MCINTYRE/MV TIMOTHY SPRINGER RESPONSIVE PLEADING

NO RULING.

2. $\frac{18-15105}{ASW-1}$ -B-7 IN RE: CHRISTOPHER MORENO AND MANDI WOODRUFF

MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY 2-4-2019 [18]

DITECH FINANCIAL LLC/MV MARK ZIMMERMAN CAREN CASTLE/ATTY. FOR MV. RESPONSIVE PLEADING

FINAL RULING: There will be no hearing on this matter.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The Moving Party shall submit a proposed order in

conformance with the ruling below.

This motion for relief from stay was fully noticed in compliance with the Local Rules of Practice and the debtors filed non-opposition on February 19, 2019. Doc. #26. The trustee's default will be entered. The automatic stay is terminated as it applies to the movant's right to enforce its remedies against the subject property under applicable nonbankruptcy law. The record shows that cause exists to terminate the automatic stay.

The proposed order shall specifically describe the property or action to which the order relates. The collateral is a parcel of real property commonly known as 280 Waldo Avenue, Exeter, CA 93221.

Doc. #21. The collateral has a value of \$160,000.00 and the amount owed is \$164,061.87. Doc. #20.

If the motion involves a foreclosure of real property in California, then the order shall also provide that the bankruptcy proceeding has been finalized for purposes of California Civil Code § 2923.5.

If an award of attorney fees has been requested, it will be denied without prejudice. A motion for attorney fees pursuant to 11 U.S.C. \$506(b), or applicable nonbankruptcy law, must be separately noticed and separately briefed with appropriate legal authority and supporting documentation. In addition, any future request for an award of attorney's fees will be denied unless the movant can prove there is equity in the collateral. 11 U.S.C. \$506(b).

A waiver of Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 4001(a)(3) will not be granted. The movant has shown no exigency.

Unless the court expressly orders otherwise, the proposed order shall not include any other relief. If the proposed order includes extraneous or procedurally incorrect relief that is only available in an adversary proceeding then the order will be rejected. See *In re Van Ness*, 399 B.R. 897 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 2009).

3. $\frac{19-10007}{WW-1}$ -B-7 IN RE: CESAR/LUISA ROCHA

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF L.A. COMMERCIAL GROUP, INC. $1-11-2019 \quad [\frac{10}{2}]$

CESAR ROCHA/MV RILEY WALTER

FINAL RULING: There will be no hearing on this matter.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The Moving Party shall submit a proposed order in

conformance with the ruling below.

This motion was set for hearing on 28 days' notice as required by Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(1). The failure of the creditors, the debtor, the U.S. Trustee, or any other party in interest to file written opposition at least 14 days prior to the hearing as required by LBR 9014-1(f)(1)(B) may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion. Cf. Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995). Further, because the court will not materially alter the relief requested by the moving party, an actual hearing is unnecessary. See Boone v. Burk (In re Eliapo), 468 F.3d 592 (9th Cir. 2006). Therefore, the defaults of the abovementioned parties in interest are entered and the matter will be resolved without oral argument. Upon default, factual allegations will be taken as true (except those relating to amount of damages). Televideo Systems, Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917 (9th Cir. 1987). Constitutional due process requires that a plaintiff make a

prima facie showing that they are entitled to the relief sought, which the movant has done here.

This motion is GRANTED. In order to avoid a lien under 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1) the movant must establish four elements: (1) there must be an exemption to which the debtor would be entitled under § 522(b); (2) the property must be listed on the debtor's schedules as exempt; (3) the lien must impair the exemption; and (4) the lien must be either a judicial lien or a non-possessory, non-purchase money security interest in personal property listed in § 522(f)(1)(B). § 522(f)(1); Goswami v. MTC Distrib. (In re Goswami), 304 B.R. 386, 390-91 (9th Cir. BAP 2003), quoting In re Mohring, 142 B.R. 389, 392 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 1992), aff'd 24 F.3d 247 (9th Cir. 1994).

A judgment was entered against the debtor in favor of L.A. Commercial Group, Inc., a Corporation, dba Continental Commercial Group in the sum of \$79,078.50 on May 3, 2018. Doc. #13. The abstract of judgment was recorded with Tulare County on July 3, 2018. Id. That lien attached to the debtor's interest in a residential real property in Gustine, CA. The motion will be granted pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1)(A). The subject real property had an approximate value of \$305,000.00 as of the petition date. Doc. #1. The unavoidable liens totaled \$207,116.81 on that same date, consisting of a first deed of trust in favor of Wells Fargo (doc. #1, Schedule D). The debtor claimed an exemption pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 704.730(a)(2) in the amount of \$100,000.00. Doc. #1, Schedule C.

Movant has established the four elements necessary to avoid a lien under \S 522(f)(1). After application of the arithmetical formula required by 11 U.S.C. \S 522(f)(2)(A), there is no equity to support the judicial lien. Therefore, the fixing of this judicial lien impairs the debtor's exemption of the real property and its fixing will be avoided subject to 11 U.S.C. \S 349(b)(1)(B).

4. $\frac{18-13516}{\text{KDG}-1}$ IN RE: PETERANGELO/DEMITRA VALLIS

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ 1-24-2019 [26]

PETERANGELO VALLIS/MV HAGOP BEDOYAN

FINAL RULING: There will be no hearing on this matter.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The Moving Party shall submit a proposed order in

conformance with the ruling below.

This motion was set for hearing on 28 days' notice as required by Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(1). The failure of the creditors, the debtor, the U.S. Trustee, or any other party in interest to file written opposition at least 14 days prior to the

hearing as required by LBR 9014- 1(f)(1)(B) may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion. Cf. Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995). Further, because the court will not materially alter the relief requested by the moving party, an actual hearing is unnecessary. See Boone v. Burk (In re Eliapo), 468 F.3d 592 (9th Cir. 2006). Therefore, the defaults of the abovementioned parties in interest are entered and the matter will be resolved without oral argument. Upon default, factual allegations will be taken as true (except those relating to amount of damages). Televideo Systems, Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917 (9th Cir. 1987). Constitutional due process requires that a plaintiff make a prima facie showing that they are entitled to the relief sought, which the movant has done here.

This motion is GRANTED. In order to avoid a lien under 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1) the movant must establish four elements: (1) there must be an exemption to which the debtor would be entitled under § 522(b); (2) the property must be listed on the debtor's schedules as exempt; (3) the lien must impair the exemption; and (4) the lien must be either a judicial lien or a non-possessory, non-purchase money security interest in personal property listed in § 522(f)(1)(B). § 522(f)(1); Goswami v. MTC Distrib. (In re Goswami), 304 B.R. 386, 390-91 (9th Cir. BAP 2003), quoting In re Mohring, 142 B.R. 389, 392 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 1992), aff'd 24 F.3d 247 (9th Cir. 1994).

A judgment was entered against the debtor in favor of Rafael Rodriguez in the sum of \$50,000.00 on February 19, 2016. Doc. #29. The abstract of judgment was recorded with Tulare County on March 11, 2016. Id. That lien attached to the debtor's interest in a residential real property in Fresno, CA. The motion will be granted pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1)(A). The subject real property had an approximate value of \$312,000.00 as of the petition date. Doc. #1. The unavoidable liens totaled \$145,381.18 on that same date, consisting of a first deed of trust in favor of Wells Fargo Home Mortgage in the amount of \$150,354.00, a second deed of trust in favor of American Contractors Indemnity Company in the amount of \$50,000.00, and a third deed of trust in favor of Nicoli G. Nicholas in the amount of \$62,232.89. Doc. #1, Schedule D. The debtor claimed an exemption pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 704.950 in the amount of \$100,000.00. Doc. #1, Schedule C.

Movant has established the four elements necessary to avoid a lien under § 522(f)(1). After application of the arithmetical formula required by 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(2)(A), there is no equity to support the judicial lien. Therefore, the fixing of this judicial lien impairs the debtor's exemption of the real property and its fixing will be avoided subject to 11 U.S.C. § 349(b)(1)(B).

5. $\frac{18-13218}{RH-2}$ -B-7 IN RE: VAN LAI

MOTION TO SELL AND/OR MOTION FOR COMPENSATION FOR COLDWELL BANKER GONELLA REALTY, BROKER(S) $2-12-2019 \quad [161]$

JAMES SALVEN/MV
ROBERT HAWKINS/ATTY. FOR MV.

TENTATIVE RULING: This matter will proceed as scheduled.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The minutes of the hearing will be the court's

findings and conclusions. The Moving Party will submit a proposed order after hearing.

This motion was filed and served pursuant to Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(2) and will proceed as scheduled. Unless opposition is presented at the hearing, the court intends to enter the respondents' defaults and grant the motion. If opposition is presented at the hearing, the court will consider the opposition and whether further hearing is proper pursuant to LBR 9014-1(f)(2). The court will issue an order if a further hearing is necessary.

The court must first note movant's failure to comply with the Local Rules of Practice ("LBR").

LBR 9004-2(c)(1) requires that declarations, exhibits, *inter alia*, to be filed as separate documents. Here, the trustee's declaration and an exhibit (doc. #163) were combined into one document and not filed separately. Failure to comply with this rule in the future will result in the denial of the motion without prejudice.

This motion is GRANTED. 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1) allows the trustee to "sell, or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, property of the estate."

Proposed sales under 11 U.S.C. § 363(b) are reviewed to determine whether they are: (1) in the best interests of the estate resulting from a fair and reasonable price; (2) supported by a valid business judgment; and (3) proposed in good faith. In re Alaska Fishing Adventure, LLC, No. 16-00327-GS, 2018 WL 6584772, at *2 (Bankr. D. Alaska Dec. 11, 2018); citing 240 North Brand Partners, Ltd. v. Colony GFP Partners, LP (In re 240 N. Brand Partners, Ltd.), 200 B.R. 653, 659 (9th Cir. BAP 1996) citing In re Wilde Horse Enterprises, Inc., 136 B.R. 830, 841 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. 1991). In the context of sales of estate property under § 363, a bankruptcy court "should determine only whether the trustee's judgment was reasonable and whether a sound business justification exists supporting the sale and its terms." Alaska Fishing Adventure, LLC, 2018 WL 6584772, at *4, quoting 3 Collier on Bankruptcy \P 363.02[4] (Richard Levin & Henry J. Sommer eds., 16th ed.). "[T]he trustee's business judgment is to be given great judicial deference." Id., citing In re Psychometric Systems, Inc., 367 B.R. 670, 674 (Bankr. D. Colo.

2007), citing <u>In re Bakalis</u>, 220 B.R. 525, 531-32 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 1998).

The chapter 7 trustee asks this court for authorization to sell real property located at 1521 South 7^{th} Street in Los Banos, CA ("Property") to Thomas E. Kaljian, subject to higher and better bids at the hearing, for \$200,000.00. Doc. #161.

It appears that the sale of the Property is in the best interests of the estate, for a fair and reasonable price, supported by a valid business judgment, and proposed in good faith.

Any party wishing to overbid must attend the hearing. Overbidders must make overbids in the amount of \$1,000.00 and acknowledge that no warranties or representations are included with the property; it is sold "as-is."

The 6% commission to be paid to Coldwell Banker Gonella Realty is also approved.

6. $\frac{18-13218}{RH-3}$ -B-7 IN RE: VAN LAI

MOTION TO SELL AND/OR MOTION FOR COMPENSATION FOR COLDWELL BANKER GONELLA REALTY, BROKER(S) $2-12-2019 \quad [168]$

JAMES SALVEN/MV ROBERT HAWKINS/ATTY. FOR MV.

TENTATIVE RULING: This matter will proceed as scheduled.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The minutes of the hearing will be the court's findings and conclusions. The Moving Party

will submit a proposed order after hearing.

This motion was filed and served pursuant to Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(2) and will proceed as scheduled. Unless opposition is presented at the hearing, the court intends to enter the respondents' defaults and grant the motion. If opposition is presented at the hearing, the court will consider the opposition and whether further hearing is proper pursuant to LBR 9014-1(f)(2). The court will issue an order if a further hearing is necessary.

The court must first note movant's failure to comply with the Local Rules of Practice ("LBR").

LBR 9004-2(c)(1) requires that declarations, exhibits, inter alia, to be filed as separate documents. Here, the trustee's declaration and an exhibit (doc. #170) were combined into one document and not filed separately. Failure to comply with this rule in the future will result in the denial of the motion without prejudice.

This motion is GRANTED. 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1) allows the trustee to "sell, or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, property of the estate."

Proposed sales under 11 U.S.C. § 363(b) are reviewed to determine whether they are: (1) in the best interests of the estate resulting from a fair and reasonable price; (2) supported by a valid business judgment; and (3) proposed in good faith. In re Alaska Fishing Adventure, LLC, No. 16-00327-GS, 2018 WL 6584772, at *2 (Bankr. D. Alaska Dec. 11, 2018); citing 240 North Brand Partners, Ltd. v. Colony GFP Partners, LP (In re 240 N. Brand Partners, Ltd.), 200 B.R. 653, 659 (9th Cir. BAP 1996) citing In re Wilde Horse Enterprises, Inc., 136 B.R. 830, 841 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. 1991). In the context of sales of estate property under § 363, a bankruptcy court "should determine only whether the trustee's judgment was reasonable and whether a sound business justification exists supporting the sale and its terms." Alaska Fishing Adventure, LLC, 2018 WL 6584772, at *4, quoting 3 Collier on Bankruptcy ¶ 363.02[4] (Richard Levin & Henry J. Sommer eds., 16th ed.). "[T]he trustee's business judgment is to be given great judicial deference." <a>Id., citing <a>In re Psychometric Systems, Inc., 367 B.R. 670, 674 (Bankr. D. Colo. 2007), citing In re Bakalis, 220 B.R. 525, 531-32 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 1998).

The chapter 7 trustee asks this court for authorization to sell real property, a parcel of vacant land in Los Banos, CA, APN 026-091-032 ("Property"), to Thomas E. Kaljian, subject to higher and better bids at the hearing, for \$46,500.00. Doc. #168.

It appears that the sale of the Property is in the best interests of the estate, for a fair and reasonable price, supported by a valid business judgment, and proposed in good faith.

Any party wishing to overbid must attend the hearing. Overbidders must make overbids in the amount of \$1,000.00 and acknowledge that no warranties or representations are included with the property; it is sold "as-is."

The 6% commission to be paid to Coldwell Banker Gonella Realty is also approved.

7. $\frac{18-10475}{LNH-2}$ -B-7 IN RE: GREGORY/DEBORAH SMITH

MOTION TO COMPROMISE CONTROVERSY/APPROVE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WITH GREGORY HOWARD SMITH AND DEBORAH CHERIE SMITH 2-8-2019 [50]

JAMES SALVEN/MV PETER FEAR

TENTATIVE RULING: This matter will proceed as scheduled.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The minutes of the hearing will be the court's

findings and conclusions. The Moving Party will submit a proposed order after hearing.

This motion was filed and served pursuant to Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(2) and will proceed as scheduled. Unless opposition is presented at the hearing, the court intends to enter the respondents' defaults and grant the motion. If opposition is presented at the hearing, the court will consider the opposition and whether further hearing is proper pursuant to LBR 9014-1(f)(2). The court will issue an order if a further hearing is necessary.

This motion is GRANTED. It appears from the moving papers that the trustee has considered the standards of $\underline{\text{In re Woodson}}$, 839 F.2d 610, 620 (9th Cir. 1987) and $\underline{\text{In re A \& C Properties}}$, 784 F.2d 1377, 1381 (9th Cir. 1986):

- a. the probability of success in the litigation;
- b. the difficulties, if any, to be encountered in the matter of collection;
- c. the complexity of the litigation involved, and the expense, inconvenience and delay necessarily attending it; and
- d. the paramount interest of the creditors and a proper deference to their reasonable views in the premises.

Accordingly, it appears that the compromise pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9019 is a reasonable exercise of the trustee's business judgment. The order should be limited to the claims compromised as described in the motion.

The trustee requests approval of a settlement agreement between the estate and the debtors regarding the debtors' interest in a family trust.

Under the terms of the compromise, the estate will receive a settlement of 25% (estimated at \$200,000.00) of the debtors' estimated interest (\$800,000.00) in the family trust ("Trust"). That settlement amount will be paid by the Trust's trustee, Greg Smith, after the trust becomes fully irrevocable, the Trust res is liquidated, and Greg Smith makes distribution to Trust beneficiaries. The chapter 7 trustee, James Salven, will then abandon all other assets of the bankruptcy estate when the

\$200,000.00 is paid in full, and the deadline for Mr. Slaven to object to debtors' claims of exemption is extended until the Settlement Amount is paid in full. Doc. ##50, 53.

On a motion by the trustee and after notice and a hearing, the court may approve a compromise or settlement. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019. Approval of a compromise must be based upon considerations of fairness and equity. In re A & C Properties, 784 F.2d 1377, 1381 (9th Cir. 1986). The court must consider and balance four factors: 1) the probability of success in the litigation; 2) the difficulties, if any, to be encountered in the matter of collection; 3) the complexity of the litigation involved, and the expense, inconvenience, and delay necessarily attending it; and 4) the paramount interest of the creditors with a proper deference to their reasonable views. In re Woodson, 839 F.2d 610, 620 (9th Cir. 1988).

The court concludes that the Woodson factors balance in favor of approving the compromise. That is: the probability of success is not guaranteed; collection after receiving a judgment would prove to be time consuming, expensive and uncertain; the litigation would be very time-consuming and fact intensive, costing at least \$30,000.00 if not more; and the creditors will greatly benefit from the net to the estate, that would otherwise not exist; the settlement is equitable and fair.

Therefore, the court concludes the compromise to be in the best interests of the creditors and the estate. The court may give weight to the opinions of the trustee, the parties, and their attorneys. In re Blair, 538 F.2d 849, 851 (9th Cir. 1976). Furthermore, the law favors compromise and not litigation for its own sake. Id. Accordingly, the motion will be granted.

This ruling is not authorizing the payment of any fees or costs associated with the litigation.

8. $\frac{18-13891}{\text{KDG}-3}$ -B-7 IN RE: ROBERT/CAROLYN WHITE

MOTION TO AVOID LIEN OF CAPITAL ONE SERVICES, INC. 1-18-2019 [43]

ROBERT WHITE/MV HAGOP BEDOYAN

FINAL RULING: There will be no hearing on this matter.

DISPOSITION: Granted.

ORDER: The Moving Party shall submit a proposed order in

conformance with the ruling below.

This motion was set for hearing on 28 days' notice as required by Local Rule of Practice ("LBR") 9014-1(f)(1). The failure of the creditors, the debtor, the U.S. Trustee, or any other party in interest to file written opposition at least 14 days prior to the

hearing as required by LBR 9014- 1(f)(1)(B) may be deemed a waiver of any opposition to the granting of the motion. Cf. Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995). Further, because the court will not materially alter the relief requested by the moving party, an actual hearing is unnecessary. See Boone v. Burk (In re Eliapo), 468 F.3d 592 (9th Cir. 2006). Therefore, the defaults of the abovementioned parties in interest are entered and the matter will be resolved without oral argument. Upon default, factual allegations will be taken as true (except those relating to amount of damages). Televideo Systems, Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 917 (9th Cir. 1987). Constitutional due process requires that a plaintiff make a prima facie showing that they are entitled to the relief sought, which the movant has done here.

This motion is GRANTED. In order to avoid a lien under 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1) the movant must establish four elements: (1) there must be an exemption to which the debtor would be entitled under § 522(b); (2) the property must be listed on the debtor's schedules as exempt; (3) the lien must impair the exemption; and (4) the lien must be either a judicial lien or a non-possessory, non-purchase money security interest in personal property listed in § 522(f)(1)(B). § 522(f)(1); Goswami v. MTC Distrib. (In re Goswami), 304 B.R. 386, 390-91 (9th Cir. BAP 2003), quoting In re Mohring, 142 B.R. 389, 392 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 1992), aff'd 24 F.3d 247 (9th Cir. 1994).

A judgment was entered against the debtor in favor of Capital One Services Inc. in the sum of \$9,175.26 on July 13, 2007. Doc. #45. The abstract of judgment was recorded with Fresno County on July 25, 2016. Id. That judgment was renewed on March 7, 2016, for a renewed amount of \$14,307.67. Id. That lien attached to the debtor's interest in a residential real property in Fresno, CA. The motion will be granted pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 522(f)(1)(A). The subject real property had an approximate value of \$249,000.00 as of the petition date. Doc. #12. The unavoidable liens totaled \$1132,853.00 on that same date, consisting of a first deed of trust in favor of Wells Fargo Home Mortgage (doc. #1, Schedule D). The debtor claimed an exemption pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 704.730(a)(3) in the amount of \$175,000.00. Doc. #12, Schedule C.

Movant has established the four elements necessary to avoid a lien under \S 522(f)(1). After application of the arithmetical formula required by 11 U.S.C. \S 522(f)(2)(A), there is no equity to support the judicial lien. Therefore, the fixing of this judicial lien impairs the debtor's exemption of the real property and its fixing will be avoided subject to 11 U.S.C. \S 349(b)(1)(B).

11:00 AM

1. 18-15055-B-7 **IN RE: DIXIE ESPINOSA**

PRO SE REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT WITH SANTANDER CONSUMER USA INC. - JEEP COMPASS 2-13-2019 [16]

NO RULING.

2. <u>18-15055</u>-B-7 **IN RE: DIXIE ESPINOSA**

PRO SE REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT WITH SANTANDER CONSUMER USA INC. - FIAT 500E $2\!-\!13\!-\!2019$ $[\underline{18}]$

NO RULING.