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3	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
4	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
5	SACRAMENTO DIVISION	
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8	In re:	
9	ROBERT/MARIA MORGAN,	Case No. 05-35472-B-13J
10	ROBERT/MARTA MORGAN,	Docket Control No. MET-1
11	Debtors.	Date: September 19, 2006
12	:	Time: 9:30 a.m.
13 14	On or after the calendar set forth above, the court issued the following ruling. The official record of the ruling is appended to the minutes of the hearing.	
15 16	Because the ruling constitutes a "reasoned explanation" of the court's decision under the E-Government Act of 2002 (the "Act"), a copy of the ruling is hereby posted on the court's Internet site, www.caeb.uscourts.gov, in a text-searchable	
17 18	format, as required by the Act. However, this posting does not constitute the official record, which is always the ruling appended to the minutes of the hearing.	
19	DISPOSITION AFTER ORAL ARGUMENT	
20	This objection has been filed pursuant to LBR 3007-1(d)(1). The	
21	failure of any party in interest to file timely written opposition as	
22	required by this local rule is considered consent to the granting of	
23	the motion. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995); LBR	
24	3007-1(d)(1). Therefore, the objection to claim No. 10 on the court's	

The objection is sustained and the Claim is disallowed, except to the extent already paid by the trustee. The debtors question the

claims register, filed by Asset Acceptance LLC assignee of Levitz,

("Claim") is resolved without oral argument.

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validity and nature of this claim. A properly completed and filed proof of claim is prima facie evidence of the validity and amount of a claim [B.R. 3001(f)]. However, when an objection is made and that objection is supported by evidence sufficient to rebut the prima facie evidence of the proof of claim, then the burden is on the creditor to prove the claim.

Here, the debtors point to the Claim itself which indicates that the debt was incurred and the last payment was made on or about December 3, 1990. The statute of limitations for commencing collection actions on debts of this type is four (4) years pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 337. A state statute of limitations constitutes "applicable law" under 11 U.S.C. § 502(b)(1). By failing to respond to the objection, the creditor has failed to carry its burden. Accordingly, the objection is sustained and the Claim is disallowed, except to the extent already paid by the trustee.

The court will issue a minute order.