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3	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
4	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
5	SACRAMENTO DIVISION	
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8	In re:	
9) Case No. 05-34477-B-13L
10	Gary/Rebecca Lawson) Docket Control No. GG-8
11	Debtors.) Date: January 17, 2007
12) Time: 9:30 a.m.
13	On or after the calendar set forth above, the court issued the following ruling. The official record of the ruling is appended to the minutes of the hearing.	
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15	Because the ruling constitutes a "reasoned explanation" of the court's decision under the E-Government Act of 2002 (the "Act"), a copy of the ruling is hereby posted on the court's Internet site, www.caeb.uscourts.gov, in a text-searchable format, as required by the Act. However, this posting does not constitute the official record, which is always the ruling appended to the minutes of the hearing.	
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19	DISPOSITION AFTER ORAL ARGUMENT	
20	Neither the respondent within the time for opposition nor	
21	the movant within the time for reply has filed a separate	
22	statement identifying each disputed material factual issue	
23	relating to the motion. Accordingly, both movant and respondent	
24	have consented to the resolution of objection and all disputed	
25	material factual issues pursuant to F.R. Civ. P. 43(e). LBR	
26	9014-1(f)(1)(ii) and (iii).	
27	The objection to claim is sustained in part and overruled in	

28 part. The objection is sustained to the extent that it contests

the debtors' personal liability on the claim. The objection is overruled to the extent that it contests the enforceability of the claim against certain of the debtors' property. If all of the debtors' property which secures the claim is abandoned in the debtors' plan, neither the debtors nor their remaining property will have any liability as to the claim.

The debtors argue in their supplemental brief that the Claim should be disallowed in its entirety because they intend to surrender the collateral secured by the claim. This argument is not persuasive. Claims in bankruptcy are determined as of the petition date. 11 U.S.C. § 502. How a claim is provided for in a plan is irrelevant to whether the claim was valid on the petition date. Claims that are enforceable against either the debtor or the property of the debtor are allowed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. Section 502(b)(1). The lack of privity between claimant and the debtors "extinguishes only one mode of enforcing a claim - namely, an action against the debtor in personam, while leaving intact another - namely, an action against the debtor in rem."

See Johnson v. Home State Bank, 501 U.S. 78, 84-85 (1991).

Creditor Connie Abram's request for a briefing schedule for the purpose of briefing Abram's potential claims is denied. The debtor's filed this objection on November 7, 2006, pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 3007-1(d)(1). Pursuant to that rule, opposition shall be in writing and served and filed with the Court by the responding party at least 14 days preceding the date of the hearing. The creditor has had ample time to review the debtors' objection, which, the court notes, is only four

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paragraphs long. If, as the creditor suggests, she is entitled to an administrative claim the court will consider her request if and when she files an application for such a claim.